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THE JERUSALEM POST

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Marginal Column

By ERAYA SHAPIRO

MR. Ben-Gurion's illness came at a most inopportune hour. It is feared that private passions and particularist interests may attempt to exploit this hiatus in time to upset the political structure which Mr. Ben-Gurion worked so hard to build up. One can only hope that general good sense and the amount of ground covered in the coalition negotiations will prove more powerful factors than the disruptive tendencies within the parties of the prospective partners. One fact now emerges clearly: the coalition agreement is more than a mere chance encounter between strangers. It is a genuine attempt to rally all constructive Zionist forces for a Zionist policy in Israel. By "Zionist" is meant development, defence and demographic adjustment to the needs of a Jewish State. It is very genuinely regretted that Hapoel Hamizrahi did not find it possible to join a coalition with such aims, and it is a fact that Mr. Ben-Gurion wished very much that the General Zionists would come in, too. Had it not been for barriers piled up in the historical past, the inclusion of Herut representatives in a broad coalition Government would also have been welcomed in some quarters. However, try as Herut leaders do to shed their reputation of being independent irresponsibles, the fact that the IZL acted contrary to the orders of the elected Jewish representation in Palestine in the years preceding the State is not likely to be easily forgotten.

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IN seeking so broad a coalition Mr. Ben-Gurion was, in fact, relinquishing a favourite scheme, which he strongly advocated for many years. After the establishment of the State of Israel, Mr. Ben-Gurion had said repeatedly that every social, as well as political public activity should be vested in the State. His insistence on making education an affair of State is one instance of this trend, and it is said that he would gladly see Kupat Holim incorporated in the State-controlled health services. However, the experience of the past four years has shown that things are not carried out as smoothly as that. The Histadrut differs from any other kind of trade union in that it considers trade interests subsidiary to the Zionist three d's. The disrupting policies of Mapam during the years they spent in the opposition, and the intellectual workers' putsch carried out shortly before the general elections, have brought the Histadrut to a dangerous turn. The results of the general elections were such as to indicate that the principles incorporated in the Histadrut constitution were not shared by a very large section of the newcomers and, especially, city dwellers. The General Zionist policy in the Second Knesset, which was to curb development projects as much as possible was probably also a factor in discouraging any prospect of merging the Histadrut's constructive enterprises with the Government of the day.

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THUS, if the Government's planning for the future were to be restricted by the diversity of views of its components, the Histadrut must remain to continue development, demographic adjustment and, through the border villages, defence in depth. In order to ensure the cooperation of all Zionist elements in the Histadrut, Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda had to be given representation in the Cabinet; but the Cabinet itself may perhaps no longer be all-important.

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THE outstanding event on the Histadrut's political agenda before the end of this year is the General Convention, the first since the elections held last May. It will discuss development and settlement plans; but it will also discuss the forms the Histadrut industrial and commercial enterprises have taken, and the means to direct and administer them more effectively. And, evidently, it will tackle the doctors and the engineers, and their relations to the three d's.

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FOR the underlying motive of all internal political activity is the Zionist aim. "Haboker's" repeated diatribes against the "cominform coalition" are not only an act of gain-seeking delay, but sheer nonsense. Even Mapam leaders do not profess to entertain the slightest hope of changing Mr. Sharett's foreign policy. The coalition is an internal — and Zionist — affair.

Jerusalem, October 17.

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Persia Rejects Soviet Protest over Alliance

TEHERAN, Sunday (Reuter). — Persia today rejected as "inadmissible" the Soviet protest of October 12 about Persia's adherence to the Turco-Iraqi defence pact. A memorandum replying to Foreign Minister Molotov's claim that the pact was an instrument of aggression, was handed today to the Soviet Ambassador here, Mr. Anatol Lavrentiev.

Mr. Molotov said that the pact "contradicts the good-neighbourly relations between Persia and the Soviet Union and certain treaty obligations of Persia." The Persian rejection stated:

"Persia's adherence to the mutual cooperation pact between Turkey and Iraq has no other object but the consolidation of peace and security in the Middle East. Persia's sole purpose is to resort to measures aimed at her own defence, the preservation of her independence and the safeguarding of her frontiers.

"This, added to the fact that anti-colonialism is a card index feature of Persia's policy, makes the Soviet interpretation of the provisions of the Baghdad pact incorrect and inadmissible.

"Persia's adherence to the pact in no way mars the friendly relations and good neighbourliness between Persia and the Soviet Union, which is the special concern and interest of the Imperial Government. Persia's accession does not in any way conflict with the terms of existing agreements between the two Governments."

The terms of the two mutual aid pacts of 1921 and 1927 between Persia and the Soviet Union stipulate that Russia should come to Persia's assistance in the event of hostile groups occupying Persian soil. Persia, however, claims that the U.N. Charter, into whose framework the Baghdad pact has been embodied, superseded all such agreements, especially since in Persia's view they were violated by the wartime occupation of Persia by Soviet and British troops.

Persian sources said today that "several hundred" U.S. Military Mission advisers were now stationed in the Persian army headquarters in Teheran and in provincial garrison towns for the purpose of training Persians in using U.S. equipment.

The Government has warned the people not to expect great immediate rewards as a result of the decision to join the pact, but this has not prevented a widespread conviction that U.S. aid would be greatly increased.

Turkish Jews Fear Anti-Semitic Trend

ISTANBUL, Sunday (INA). — Deep anxiety was caused among the 100 Jewish families living in Canakkale (Dardanelles) by an inscription pinned on a tree in the town's main square. It warned the Jews to leave Turkey because the Turks do not want them there any longer, and threatened them with a massacre if they do not take the warning into consideration.

The Mayor of Canakkale assured the local community that all necessary steps would be taken to protect the Jewish quarter. Three people suspected of being the authors of the notice were arrested.

Although not referred to at all in the local press because of the state of siege now in force, the incident became known to the Jews here and aroused apprehension. Unofficial rumours persist among the Jewish community that there have been similar cases in some towns in Thrace (Western Turkey). As a result, a growing number of Jews are applying this week at the Israel Consulate for information about prospects of immigration. Some Jews, who suffered damage in the September 6 riots, have come to Israel as tourists to investigate possibilities of establishing businesses there.

According to the law now in force, Turkish citizens cannot leave the country without special permission.

Doctors Permit Ike To Sit Up in Chair

DENVER, Sunday (Reuter). — President Eisenhower, steadily recovering from his heart attack, had another good night's sleep and awoke refreshed and in "a happy mood" today, his doctors reported.

The President, who was 65 on Friday, sat up in a chair in his room yesterday for the first time. He also had a bedside conference at Fitzsimons Army Hospital with the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. George Humphrey.

BEN-ZVI'S MESSAGE

President Izhak Ben-Zvi today sent the following cable to President Dwight D. Eisenhower:

"On the occasion of Your Excellency's 65th birthday I am happy to convey to you on behalf of the people of Israel as well as in my own name sincere congratulations and best wishes for a speedy and complete recovery and good health."

Soviet Official Said Suicide in New York

NEW YORK, Sunday (UP). — Anexeir Minayev, 42, a Soviet Consulate-General official, apparently has committed suicide by shooting himself through the mouth, police reported today. The official's body was found in an office of the Park Avenue building which houses both the Consulate-General and the Soviet U.N. delegation. An automatic, with one bullet fired, was lying nearby.

Police said that they were only notified six hours after two Soviet officials had found the body, which was removed to Bellevue Hospital for an autopsy.

Sweden at Polls On Traffic Issue

STOCKHOLM, Sunday (Reuter). — Winter-clad Swedes went to the polls today to choose which side of the road they want to drive on in future. There are nearly five million eligible voters.

At present they drive on the left-hand side, like the British, but a government traffic committee recommended as early as 1940 that the country should switch to right-hand traffic, which is the rule in all other continental states. The government decided to submit the issue to a plebiscite, the first in Sweden since 1922.

Another government committee called for the change last year on the grounds that it would cut road accidents and facilitate traffic across the borders.

A recent public opion poll showed 65 per cent to be in favour of retaining the old system. Whichever way the voters choose, the final word rests with parliament and no change could take effect until 1959.

Greece Protests Turk Attack on Fishermen

ATHENS, Sunday (Reuter). — Turkish soldiers have detained two Greeks who were fishing in the Evros River on the border in Thrace, according to reports here today. The soldiers were said to have crossed to the Greek bank, fired shots in the air and then arrested the pair, taking their boat with them back to Turkish territory.

It was learned on Tuesday that the Greek Charge d'Affaires in Ankara had made a strong protest to the Turkish Government against an alleged attack by a Turkish patrol boat on a Greek fishing boat off the Greek island of Lesbos last week.

French Say Spanish Zone Shelters Rebels

RABAT, Sunday (Reuter). — The French Residency here replied tonight to a statement issued by the Spanish Foreign Ministry in Madrid last night which charged the French press and authorities with spreading false information about the current disturbances in the Riff mountains.

The Residency in a communique declared, "It is well known that the Moroccan dissidents have found aid and refuge in the Spanish zone of Morocco. The most patent fact, and one which nobody can deny, is that the French post of Bouxineb, which served only as an observation post situated inside the Spanish zone, was raided by dissidents and that the Spanish post nearby — and consequently charged with maintaining order — did not intervene.

"It is difficult to believe that the Spanish and the Moroccans of the Spanish zone feel threatened by the situation of uneasiness and disquiet reigning in the neighbouring territory when among the bodies of dissidents which have been left in our hands is that of a Moroccan of the Beni Amari of the Spanish zone, armed with a rifle coming from the arms factory of Oviedo.

"It is inexact to say that the insurrections are not contingent to the Spanish zone. One needs only to be in Morocco to realise this. Perhaps the Spanish High Commissioner has denied these facts in that case he is badly informed.

"In addition, it is false to contend that the Spanish High Commissioner in Morocco has invited the French Resident-General to send him a military leader. On the contrary it was General de Latour, who has asked the Spanish High Commissioner that contacts be established between the two staffs. He waited nearly three days for a reply which was not absolutely positive.

"Against these facts all denials will avail nothing."

AFTER MIDNIGHT

A 20-member goodwill mission comprising some of South Africa's leading businessmen, arrived at Lydda Airport last night for an 11-day tour of Israel industries. They are accompanied by Mr. H. Vorenberg, the Israel Vice-Consul in South Africa.

NEW UNIFORMS FOR ARMY NEXT YEAR

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Infantry will change into Burma-green bush-shirts and trousers by next summer, Aluf-Mishne E. Gelber told military correspondents here today. The new uniform will be similar to that made familiar to the public by paratroopers in parades, and will include the high boots they wear. The head-gear will remain the beret, with the option of a cap for officers.

For training purposes, a large brimmed khaki hat, reminiscent of the Anzac hat but made of cloth instead of felt, will be worn.

This winter's service women's uniform will be slightly changed, too. Instead of battledress, the women will wear a short jacket.

Incidents On Three Borders

Incidents on three of Israel's borders yesterday resulted in the wounding of an Israel soldier and the interference with fishing on Lake Hula.

The soldier was wounded when an Israel patrol was fired on from a Jordanian village opposite Eyal on the border of the Triangle. The wounded man was taken to the Tel Hashomer Hospital.

Machine gun fire from the Syrian lines was directed at fishermen from Hulata on Lake Hula, the Army spokesman announced. The fishermen were forced to cease work and summon aid.

When they proceeded to draw in their nets, the fishermen were again fired on. There were no casualties.

Three Egyptian soldiers crossed the border in the vicinity of Magen in the Western Negev, the spokesman also reported. They fled when fire was opened on them.

EGYPTIANS FIRE ON U.N. OBSERVERS

Two U.N. Observers were fired at yesterday from Egyptian positions while they were in Israel territory near the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone, the Army spokesman announced last night. The two Observers were forced to abandon their cars and return by foot to the Nitzana Police Station.

The Observers left Nitzana at 4 p.m. yesterday for a tour of the International Frontier in the vicinity of the Egyptian positions. When they did not return by 7 p.m., the Chairman of the Israel-Egypt M.A.C. Chef de Battaillon F.X. Giacomaggi, asked the Israel delegate, Sgan-Aluf Nur-Sela, for aid in finding the missing Observers. In the meantime, the two men turned up on foot at the station.

E. GERMANS READY TO SEND BEIRUT EXPERTS

The East German Government has announced to the Lebanon its willingness to send German agricultural and industrial experts to the Lebanon, ANA reported yesterday.

Sharett to Make Policy Speech In Knesset Tuesday

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The winter session of the Knesset opens today.

First readings of a number of fiscal bills will be heard. They include Amendments to the Banking Ordinance, the Urban Property Tax Ordinance, the Customs Ordinance, and the Arnona Bill for the Compensation of War Damage.

Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Sharett will deliver a foreign policy statement tomorrow, barring a last-minute change of plans.

It is understood that the new situation in the Middle East that has arisen from Egypt's arms deals with Czechoslovakia will form an important portion of his address. The statement will be followed by a full-dress debate.

Mr. Sharett will no doubt give an appraisal of the arms situation vis-a-vis the Western camp and the Eastern bloc. It is also likely that Mr. Sharett will refer to Premier Nasser's latest remarks, made to a New York newspaper editor, to the effect that he is not only fighting Israel but "international Jewry" and "Jewish wealth" as well.

Blunter Language

It is believed that Mr. Sharett will employ blunter and more outspoken language on this occasion than is his custom.

The feeling is growing that Col. Nasser is beginning to find himself in a desperate situation, and as a consequence is using desperate language. Not only has he begun to import 1952-model arms and ammunition from the Czechs, but he is also importing a political line together with identical terminology that was in vogue in Prague in the same year.

It will be recalled that Zionism was first made a "crime" in the Slansky trial of 1952. It was then that the terms "international Jewry" and "Zionist spies" were placed in juxtaposition. This was echoed in the purge of Jewish physicians in Moscow during Stalin's last days.

Familiar Origins

To compare the Egyptian dictator's statement to the Press with those made during the Hitler regime or with the Protocols of the Elders of Zionism is not quite accurate. The anti-Semitic propaganda of a Goebbels or a Streicher rarely emphasized any connection between "international Jewish wealth" and Zionism. This line has its origins in the same capitals where Col. Nasser is now buying weapons.

What makes Col. Nasser's outburst appear to be all the more surprising is his attempt — or that of his propaganda chiefs — to impress the West, as did his Press Attache in a letter to the "New York Times" last week, with the notion that he was "importing Communist arms, not Communist ideas."

Action on Morocco May Save Faure Cabinet on Algerian Issue

PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). — Week-end moves over Morocco may help the Government of Premier Edgar Faure to wrest a vote of confidence from the National Assembly on Tuesday on its Algerian policy.

The Government last night announced formation of the long-awaited Throne Council for Morocco which will name an all-Moroccan government to implement France's "new deal" in the North African protectorate.

In Rabat today Si Bekkai, representative of the extreme nationalist wing in the Throne Council, conferred with General Boyer de Latour, the French Resident-General. It was believed this interview would be followed within 24 hours by a meeting of the Council, which would probably invite Ben Slimane, a moderate Nationalist, to form the first all-Moroccan government.

These developments might help M. Faure ward off the great threat in the Assembly to the life of his Cabinet, formed nearly eight months ago. But no one here was willing to forecast that they would in themselves be enough.

Pressure by French settlers, which delayed formation of the Moroccan Throne Council for over a month, seems to have been overcome, but a fresh complication has appeared with the claim by the extreme Istiklal (Independence) Party in Rabat that the Council had not been set up in accordance with the Aix-les-Bains agreement between French and Moroccan nationalist leaders.

Istiklal Attack

The Secretary-General of the Istiklal Mohammed Lyazidi last night attacked the methods used in forming the new Moroccan Throne Council. He said that it had been formed without his party's participation, and that the Istiklal Executive Committee would meet soon to "define its position."

Lyazidi declared that the Council had not been formed according to the agreement reached after talks at Aix-les-Bains and that the good faith of the Moroccan negotiators had been abused.

The most serious point, he said, is that the Grand Vizier's communique presents the members of this Council as guardians of exiled Sultan Ben Arafa's throne. The Moroccan people have never recognized Ben Arafa's claim, he pointed out.

Meanwhile, the parliamentary position before the vital Algeria confidence vote is confused. The Socialists voted solidly for M. Faure's Moroccan policy a week ago but have declared themselves hostile in the Algerian debate because they do not feel the official policy of "integration" can succeed. Algeria is legally part of France.

Not French Citizens

The Socialists say it is impossible to treat all Algerians as if they were French citizens. They advocate home rule such as has been given in Tunisia and is being prepared in the other protectorate of Morocco. But they may still hesitate to help precipitate a Government crisis.

The Gaullists are divided. Their right-wingers led the attack on M. Faure in the Morocco debate, but they do not want to overthrow the Government on Algeria because one of their most distinguished leaders, M. Jacques Soustelle, is Governor-General there and it is his policy which M. Faure defended in the debate last week.

The Moderate Conservatives are also wavering though some of their leaders, including M. Paul Reynaud, are urging them to avoid a Cabinet crisis at this time.

Ex-Premier Pierre Mendes-France and his supporters scattered through the ranks of the Socialist, Radical, Popular Republican and Gaullist parties are working for the overthrow of the Faure Cabinet now.

An analysis of the Assembly's feelings today seemed to show that a majority are opposed to a Cabinet crisis but a majority are also hostile to M. Faure.

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U.S. Seen Likely to Give Israel Unilateral Pledge

Egypt Asks France To Lift Arms Ban

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuter). — Prime Minister Abdul Nasser today urged the French Ambassador here to ask his Government to reconsider the decision to cancel the dispatch of tanks and jet planes ordered by Egypt, diplomatic circles reported.

The Ambassador, M. Armand du Chayla, called on the Prime Minister at his home tonight. M. du Chayla is due to leave shortly for Paris.

The Egyptian Ambassador in Paris, Kamel Abdul Nabi, arrived in Cairo today for consultations.

France cancelled the Egyptian arms order as a counter-measure to alleged Egyptian support for anti-French disturbances in North Africa.

Sino-Egyptian Trade

Cairo Radio last night broadcast the text of a trade agreement between Egypt and China which showed substantial commerce already in progress between the two countries. Minister of Commerce Mohammed Abu Nusseir said that Egypt had already started exporting $17.4m. worth of cotton to the Chinese, while China in turn had started to export over $6m. worth of steel to Egypt, he said.

The Minister added that both countries were establishing trade bureaux in Cairo and Peking.

The new agreement states that both countries will undertake to do their best to increase trade and balance exports and imports between themselves. It adds that Egypt will export cotton and other products to China. China will export weaving and machinery, steel, tea and other items to Egypt. Payment can be effected in convertible sterling or any currency which both parties may accept, the pact says. Nusseir said that China undertook to buy from Egypt $28,850,000 worth of cotton goods for a start.

GILBERT OFF TO PARIS

The French Ambassador to Israel, M. Pierre E. Gilbert, left here for Paris today to attend the conference of French envoys to Middle East countries.

Crisis in Lebanese, Syrian Relations

The Syrian Government has issued a sharp warning to the Lebanon that relations between the two countries will rapidly deteriorate if she does not take steps to arrest the man accused of the murder of the Syrian Deputy Chief of Staff, Adhan Malki, NEABS reported yesterday.

Syria points out that members of the Syrian National Party have found refuge in the Lebanon, and are using that country as a base from which to spread propaganda against the Syrian Government. The Lebanese Prime Minister, Rashid Karameh, promised that he will meet Syrian Premier Said el-Gazi to find some way of reducing the tension between the two countries.

Syria has been retaliating with economic measures against the Lebanon, and all outward appearances of full understanding between them are belied by the facts. At a meeting between the two Prime Ministers on Friday, *el-Gazi is said to have threatened* further measures for the future, NEABS concludes.

Prof. Wischnitzer Dead in Tel Aviv

We regret to announce the death in Tel Aviv on Saturday night of Dr. Mark Wischnitzer, Professor of Jewish History at Yeshiva University in New York. He apparently died of a heart attack during his sleep in his room at the Yarkon Hotel.

The funeral procession will leave from Hadassah Hospital, Tel Aviv, at 4 p.m. today.

He was born in Kovno, Poland in 1882, and after graduating from high school in Brody, engaged in Talmudic studies. He studied at the Universities of Vienna and Berlin and received his Ph.D. at the latter institution. Prof. Wischnitzer edited several historical publications in Russia from 1908 to 1916 and for several years thereafter in Berlin, where he remained until 1938, serving as director of the Jewish Assistance Committee. In May 1941, Prof. Wischnitzer settled in the U.S., where he joined the faculty of Yeshiva University.

His wife, Rachel Wischnitzer-Bernstein, is an authority on Jewish art who last week left Israel after a lecture tour. He also leaves a son, Mr. Leonard Wischnitzer, in New York, and a sister, Mrs. N.M. Gelber of Jerusalem.

Professor Wischnitzer came to this country in June at the invitation of a special committee set up to produce a number of basic works, in Hebrew, on the history of Russian Jewry.

Newsweek
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Nasser-Allen Talks Said 'Stormy'

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON, Sunday. — Reports from Washington suggesting that the three Western Powers have jointly counselled Israel against taking preventive action to terminate the threat of Egyptian aggression have not been commented on editorially here. The official viewpoint is that Israel can probably look forward to a unilateral American guarantee on the lines of the proposal made by the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, last August, but stripped of the qualifying conditions he then stipulated.

To that extent, Cairo has apparently succeeded in cutting off its own nose. The size of the projected arms deal with Russia and Czechoslovakia is now officially admitted to be much larger than was originally thought, and the conversation between Mr. George Allen and Colonel Abdul Nasser is described as "stormy."

The Egyptian dictator apparently took the opportunity to inform Mr. Allen that he thought highly of Russia's nobility and selflessness in agreeing to trade arms for cotton. The technical assurances he gave are not taken seriously here or in Washington, since it is now known that Prague has contracted to sell arms worth $200m., including bombers and submarines, as well as tanks and fighter planes. Whitehall and the Pentagon seem agreed that deliveries in such quantities, requiring constant replacements and spares, will effectively link Egypt with the Soviet bloc. Egypt's entire cotton reserve has been mortgaged by this deal.

Surpass Earlier Demands

This contrasts with last July's Egyptian arms requirements list submitted to Washington, which came to $40m., a sum subsequently whittled down to $27m. before Cairo suddenly terminated the negotiations which had already reached the stage of considering the form of payment.

Official policy here and in Washington now seems aligned on three fixed points: not to make further competitive offers to Egypt, not to sell heavy arms to Israel to balance Soviet deliveries and, thirdly, to refrain from further protests in Cairo, so as not to inflate the Egyptian sense of importance.

Whether the matter is to be taken up with Russian Minister Molotov in Geneva remains uncertain. Washington reports suggest that Eisenhower favours this course; but since he is out of action, the State Department view that such approaches are hopeless may prevail.

Meanwhile, emphasis is to be placed on building up the "Northern Tier," now reinforced by the accession of Persia to the Baghdad-Ankara alliance. The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Macmillan, is to attend the first session of the new Middle Eastern Defence Council in Baghdad on November 19, and British supplies to Iraq are to be accelerated. There is also talk of a central economic board for the region which would compete with Soviet offers of aid, part of the funds to be financed by oil royalties.

Total of Czech Deal Not Confirmed

LONDON, Sunday (INA). — Official circles here were unable to confirm a Washington report that Prague has contracted to sell Egypt $200m. worth of arms, calculated in sterling at 3 per cent interest. The report had noted that a $1m. payment had already been made by Egypt.

The "Observer" diplomatic correspondent comments that the U.S. and British Governments have decided that it would be harmful to continue publicly denouncing Colonel Nasser, and that Western diplomacy "should now be directed towards asking for concrete proof of the desire to cooperate with the West which he professes." Some satisfaction was derived in London from the fact that Egypt did not take the lead in rejecting the Johnston scheme for the Jordan waters at the Foreign Ministers' conference last week, although in fact the plan was shelved, he writes.

The same correspondent continues: "It is likely that there will be an increase in Western propaganda to the Middle Eastern countries, pointing out the danger of associating with Russia. This will be made no easier by the fact that the Western Foreign Ministers will be exchanging courtesies with Mr. Molotov at Geneva for three weeks. There is no disposition on the part of the Foreign Office to contemplate a special guarantee to Israel, though the U.S. Administration may, under considerable pressure from Congress, do so."

Cabinet Hears Report On B.G.'s Progress

At the opening of its weekly meeting yesterday, the Cabinet heard a report on the constantly improving health of the Minister of Defence.

The Prime Minister reported on the negotiations with Mr. Eric Johnston, special envoy of the President of the United States for water matters, and on the supply of arms to Egypt.

The term of office of the Advisory Council on Institutions of Higher Learning and Science was extended until the Higher-Education Law is passed.

The Cabinet approved the appointment of the Government's representatives in the Investment Centre. They are: Mr. A. Ariell, of the Ministry of Finance; Dr. E. K. Livneh, of the Foreign Ministry; Dr. L. Samuel, of the Ministry of Agriculture; Mr. J. M. Virguin, of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry; Dr. H. Darin, of the Ministry of Labour, and Mr. M. Bar, of the Ministry of Transport.

Ben-Gurion Spends Restful Day

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prime Minister-Designate David Ben-Gurion spent a restful day yesterday, receiving no one, after his acute attack of vertigo on Thursday. On Saturday, he was visited by the Prime Minister, Mr. Moshe Sharett.

Mr. Ben-Gurion spent the day resting, reading and writing. He is able to leave his bed for short intervals and is permitted to eat normally. He is being attended by his wife, Mrs. Paula Ben-Gurion, who is a trained nurse, and by Sgan-Aluf Nehemia Argov, his military secretary.

Professor M. Rachmilewitz, who called upon Mr. Ben Gurion in the morning, said that his condition was continuing to improve.

Hundreds of messages and telegrams wishing Mr. Ben-Gurion a speedy recovery have been received at the President Hotel from Israel and abroad.

Wishes for a speedy recovery were sent to Mr. Ben-Gurion by the Mapai Central Committee in Tel Aviv last night. Because of his indisposition, the discussion on the coalition was postponed until the next meeting.

Due to departure from country
1) Factory building
(400 sq.m.) for sale in the Heraliya Industrial Area.
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(400-500 sq.m.), to let, Rehov Salameh, Jaffa-Tel Aviv.
3) Luxurious flat
5 rooms with private garden in centre Tel Aviv, to let.
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in the vicinity of Kikar Hamoshavot, Tel Aviv, for rent.
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Apply: Mr. Raful, 63 Rehov Ahad Ha'am, 1st floor, Tel Aviv. Tel. 5478 between 3-5 p.m.

Cairo Urges Israelis To 'Revolt Against Mapai'

CAIRO, Sunday (INA) — Cairo Radio yesterday urged the Jews of "Palestine" to revolt against the "Mapai regime and the dictatorship of Ben-Gurion." The broadcast said that equality is the test of democracy, and charged that "Oriental Jews from the Arab lands are appressed and European Jews given preferment in occupied Palestine."

Israelis were told that Egypt desires peace, not war, and were called upon to "unite and throw off the heavy yoke that is laid upon you. Ben-Gurion's propaganda leads to annihilation!"

The Radio also broadcast pro-Russian and anti-American propaganda.

BRITAIN AND IRAQ END TRADE TALKS

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — The Foreign Office today reported that the possible increased export of Iraqi dates to Britain was discussed during last week's Anglo-Iraqi trade talks.

In a statement, the Foreign Office said that the Anglo-Iraqi economic committee which held its final session on Friday, discussed financial and trade matters of "mutual interest to the two countries as members of the sterling area."

Grape Juice
The National Drink
Grapes contain an appreciable amount of carbohydrates in the form of sugar (glucose). Carbohydrates are the chief source of energy for muscular activity which is the reason for the nutritive value of grapes and grape juice to everyone.
(Dr. M. Pecher, Bitzaron, 4-6, 1954)
Drink Natural Grape Juice
Made from fresh grapes from the Rishon le Zion and Zichron Ya'acov wine cellars, by Carmel Mizrahi.

Ascot

The high class filter-tip cigarette

450 pruts per box

Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday received Mr. and Mrs. L. Montefiore, of London, who were accompanied by Mrs. Moss Levy.

ARRIVALS: Alluf-Mishne Katriel Shalmon, the Israel Military Attache in the U.S., for consultations; Mr. I. Cottafavi, Second Secretary at the Italian Legation here, from home leave; Dr. Arnold Rojansky, Honorary Consul of Uruguay in Israel and President of the Commercial Club here, from Europe; Mr. Robert Szold, President of the Palestine Economic Corporation, from the U.S., for an extended visit; Mr. Benyamin Zemah, actor and producer, from the U.S. to take charge of the Habimah Dramatic School; Mr. I. Goldfarb, Chief Engineer of Kaiser-Frazer, from the U.S. and Europe on Company business; Mr. Paul Lewinson, Director of the Cargo Department of Shoham, from a business tour of Europe; Mr. Jack D. Weiler, a national chairman of the U.J.A. and the National Treasurer of Israel Bonds, and Mrs. Weiler, to participate in the forthcoming U.J.A. Study Mission; Mr. David Rosenstein, President of the Ideal Plastics Corporation, Hollis, N.Y., and the U.S. Plastics Corporation, Holon, and Vice-President of the American Ort Federation, on business matters; Mr. and Mrs. Roberto Colombo of Lavorazione Materie Plastiche, Turin, Italy on a short visit to advise the United States-Israel Plastic Corporation, Holon, on the development of new products for an expanding production programme.

DEPARTURES: The Minister of Justice, Mr. Pinhas Rosen, for London, to represent the Israel Government at the Churchill dinner to be held in London on October 17, under the auspices of the Technion Society of Great Britain; Rabbi S. Ephrati, Director of the Kashrut Department of the Chief Rabbinate, to Mexico and the U.S. on Department affairs; Mr. S. Rosenhaupt, Head of the Building Research Station of the Technion, for the Netherlands; Dr. Michele Lojodice, Chief of the Italian National Industrial Insurance Institute Mission to Israel, for Rome, after a fortnight's visit; Mr. James Ogilvie, Pontiac Oil Company engineer, for the U.S. on a purchasing mission; Mr. Avraham Polany, the Director of Pardess Syndicate, for the Soviet Union, on a mission for the Citrus Marketing Board; Mr. B. Tabachinsky, Director-General of the U.S. Jewish Labour Committee.

Mrs. Francesca P. de Guell, wife of the Cuban Minister for Foreign Affairs, accompanied by Mr. David Ferdman, Cuban Honorary Consul in Tel Aviv, visited the WIZO Baby Creche (Cuba House) in Talpiot, Jerusalem, on Friday. They were received by Mrs. R. Ginossar, Chairman of World WIZO. The guests were entertained to lunch by the WIZO and the Latin American Department of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

Professor Luigi Marziani, of the School of Dentistry of the University of Rome, noted specialist in implant dentures, has arrived in Jerusalem as the guest of the School of Dentistry of the Hebrew University in conjunction with the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School. He is lecturing dentists and doctors in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa.

The South African Bowls Team visited the new Campus of the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, last Thursday, and to mark the occasion five-year bursaries were contributed by S. Gesundheit, B. Jawitz, D. Blumberg, Mrs. Alf Blumberg, Messrs. Bulrski & Herbstein, M. Cooper, M. Rubin, A. Nyman, A. Levitan and Mr. and Mrs. A. Pollen.

Pirandello's "Henry IV" was presented in Leah Goldberg's Hebrew version by the Habimah Theatre in Tel Aviv last night. Mr. Zvi Friedland directed and Mr. Shimon Finkel played the title role.

Faitlovitch Buried In Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Sons never mourned their father as did 12 Jewish Falasha children now studying at Kfar Batya — two little girls and 10 boys — who preceded the coffin of Dr. Jacques Faitlovitch, the explorer and the man who did most to return the Falasha Jews of Ethiopia to the fold of Judaism, at his funeral here today.

Dr. Faitlovitch, who died yesterday, aged 84, was eulogised by Professor Nahum Slouschz, who described the pioneer work done by the deceased among the "forgotten tribe" of Israel. He told of Faitlovitch's unceasing struggle against almost insurmountable obstacles, such as prejudice against "Black Jews" and lack of funds, until, with a small contribution by Baron Edmond de Rothschild, he was able to reach Ethiopia and work as a true missionary among the Jews there.

"Today this work is in danger. The schools are closed and contact is again being lost," Professor Slouschz exclaimed, and said that if Israel held Dr. Faitlovitch's memory in esteem, this would not be permitted to happen.

The deceased was also eulogised by Rabbi M. Nurock, M.K. and Dr. A. Rosenfeld, who worked together with Dr. Faitlovitch in Africa.

Among the many mourners who attended the funeral was the Gerant of the Ethiopian Consulate General in Jerusalem, Mr. Marcos Agagyellew.

The burial took place at the Nahalat Yitshak Cemetery.

Yesterday's Press:

Nasser's Outburst Of Megalomania

There being no likelihood that an attempt will be made this time to tone down Nasser's latest declaration of his enmity towards world Jewry, **a la Hitler, what he has permitted himself to say in an outburst of megalomania will be taken at face value.** Today's press takes **a very serious view of the matter and warns the world that this is an exact copy of the Nazi truculence that led to a world conflagration.**

"Zmanim" (Progressive) writes **that this pronouncement shows the direction the Egyptian dictator has taken and what faces the State of Israel and the entire Jewish people. At this juncture, Israel must know clearly whether the West is prepared to step in or whether she will be left to deal with the situation herself.**

If the Soviet bloc, writes "Hatzofe" (World Mizrahi), does not care to examine the dangerous tendencies of the Egyptian dictator (he's their tool), the old democracies of the world must give this pocket-Hitler their **earnest attention and the earlier they see him for what he is the more they will contribute to peace in this region.**

"Lamerhav" (Ahdut Ha'avoda) observes that in the light of Nasser's statement, Cairo is becoming the centre of anti-Jewish incitement in the Middle East and there is no gainsaying that demagogues in other Arab countries will spread his idea. But Iraq, Persia and Turkey will not permit their rival to take the anti-Semitic crown and this may create a situation fraught with grave danger for the Jewish minorities in Arab countries.

"Davar" (Histadrut) writes that Nasser has dropped his mask and all of his Lover-of-Peace protestations have gone by the board. As for us, we have dealt with his ilk before and he will go the way of all haters of Jews and mankind before him. The State of Israel and all those who seek the welfare of man and the world will certainly do their all to sever the arm extended threateningly from the banks of the Nile.

"Herut" is concerned with Israel's steady countenancing Arab perfidy, summarizing all cases from the Bat Galim to Berkowitz. Our foreign policy, the paper says, can be summed up in one telling sentence: We are being made sport of and are being led to slaughter like sheep. The Arabs are capturing living men and returning us corpses and the paper exclaims that an end must be made of such a practice.

Johnston Water Plan

"Ha'aretz" (non-party) sums up the factors that have led to the failure of Johnston's efforts and writes that while we do not wish to resume work on our water development plan against the will of the UN agencies, it is important that all those who voted for the resolution should understand that we are not responsible if the scheme falls through. Winter is coming and Mr. Johnston will have a few more months to find out if there is any hope of getting Arab consent to his plan. We shall welcome the solution if he succeeds; if he fails, we shall have to go it alone in the hope that the UN will understand we had no choice.

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) notes that the Arab fear that implementing the plan will be interpreted as recognition of Israel and may also help solve the Gaza Strip refugee problem, which they do not want solved. The "Arab Plan" to exploit the region's waters cancels out the general plan and Israel will have to go ahead with her development programme in the Jordan Valley in accordance with her vital needs.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
822, 249, 31.5 & 41.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. **Arabic Programme** (including News): 8 a.m. 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 N. "Music at Noon" Leo Fuld (R). 12.30 Concert Hall: Symphony in D-minor Cesar Franck. 1.45 Light Notes (R). 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Oriental Music (R). 4.15 Sinfonietta (R). 4.40 Vocal Recital: Lotte Laufer (Soprano). 5.00 Be'Oholey Tora. 5.15 Child's Corner. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Folklore. 7.02 Kol Yisrael Orchestra: 2 Movements from Water Music (Handel); Viola Concerto in D-major (Hofmeister), Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Daniel Binsamini (Viola). 7.35 Series of lectures on the Bedouin: Emanuel Marx. 7.50 Telling Tunes. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 Newsreel. 9.00 Curtain Up: Verdict: Death. 10.00 Two Sonatas: Beethoven Sonata No.3 E-flat major, Handel, Sonata No. 4 Re major. Presented by: Moshe Avdor, Alexandra Eliezra. 10.30 Requests. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
397, 468, 225, 205, 41.9 & 32.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.15 p.m.

French News: 2.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (32.3, 34.9 & 462 M.): 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Hebrew Lessons for Ulpanim. 8.15 Close Down.

8.40 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 News. 6.40 Newsreel. 6.50 Popular Songs. 7.00 Yiddish Programme.

11.15 p.m. News. 11.25 Newsreel. 11.35 Popular Songs. 11.45 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 225 & 238 M.): 6.20 Opening. 6.25 Fantasy. 7.20 Requests (Hebrew Songs). 7.30 Among the Plays. 8.00 Zahal's Orchestra. 8.30 News. 8.45 Concert: Divertimento in E flat major (Mozart); Variations on a Children's Song (Duchmael); Symphony No. 2 (Brahms). 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79, 19.42, 16.96, 25.29 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News, News Talk, Echoes from the World.

Returning German Scientists Tell Of Secret Work for Russians

FRIEDLAND CAMP, West Germany, Sunday (Reuter). — An atomic technician taken to Russia in 1945 said he had helped build for the Russians an institute for isotope research at Suchumi on the Black Sea.

The technician, Alfons Staudenmaier, said the Institute was directed by Prof. Gustav Hertz, a German Nobel Prize winner who was taken to Russia at the same time as Staudenmaier. It was part of a big atomic research establishment.

Prof. Hertz returned to East Germany from Russia in September of last year, and was given a post at Leipzig University. While in Russia, he was awarded a Stalin Prize.

Another German scientist said here today he designed a secret weapon for the Russians with the help of plans and microfilms obtained from the West by spies.

The scientist, Hans Wittmann, 49, said he designed the radio control of a pilotless jet fighter capable of delivering an atomic bomb onto a naval target. He returned here last night after nine years in Russia, the last five of which he spent in gaol.

Wittmann said he was one of 50 East German scientists and technicians whom the Russians shipped to Moscow in 1947. They were put into a special camp at Novogorsk near Moscow. Buses took them to work daily in the new institute in Sokol Square, Moscow.

"The Institute was nominally headed by a Russian professor, but the real boss was his second-in-charge, the son of Lavrenti Beria, then Soviet Interior Minister," Wittmann said. The project was called the "Beria Project."

The fighter was a MIG-15 launched from underneath a four-engined bomber.

"The radio control gear had a range of 100 kilometres," Wittmann said. "The first two-thirds of this distance, the fighter was guided from the bomber and then automatically fastened onto its target."

The Russians supplied them with English and American technical magazines and Soviet espionage reports including photographs of secret Western plans and documents.

By the end of 1949, five completed models of the radio control apparatus had been built and tested, and the scientists asked to be sent home. In answer, they were asked to sign a five-year contract offering them complete freedom in Russia, a flat in Moscow, good pay and Russian wives in return for working another secret project, Wittmann said.

He said that he was arrested in 1950 and sentenced to 25 years' imprisonment charged with espionage and assisting "the international bourgeoisie."

"I was taken to Novocherkausk gaol, near Rostov, and I was there until five days ago. Last Monday, they suddenly took me out of my damp, dark cell, put me on board a luxurious sleeping car complete with radio, and here I am."

Multilingual Typewriter Uses Numerals

NEW YORK, Sunday (INA). — Hebrew and other languages using non-Latin alphabets can be typed by operators who have no knowledge of the language on a new machine developed by the U.S. Army.

The invention employs coded fonts on which each character is represented by a number: the typist merely follows numbers of the coded text on his numbered keyboard. A special reverse carriage is used for Hebrew, Urdu and Malay.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem. Tel. 4130. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel. Dinner will be served on the terrace.

★ **Exhibitions: —**

1) Sculptures by Aaron Priver. 2) French Paintings of the 20th Century. 3) Contemporary American Prints. 4) "Two Thousand Years of Chinese Painting." Exhibit of the Month: A Khorosan bronze Kettle of the 13th Century. Bezalel Museum, 9-1, 2-5.

Applied Art, works by members of Kibbutz Hasore'a and Kibbutz Ein Hash'fet. 2) Ceramics by Nelly Polisek. 3) Embroidered pictures by Rose Feice. 4) Watercolours by Joseph Kossoy, engr. 5) Drawings by I. Aschheim. 6) "Mashit," Carpet and Jewellery work. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.

"Conquest of the Desert" permanent Exhibition on the grounds of the Jerusalem Convention Centre, 10-1, 4-6.

★ **Tours: —**

Hebrew University conducted tour New Administration Building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ **Meetings: —**

Sculptors and Artists' Meeting with Miron Sima, the Artist, Beit Club, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 8.30 p.m.

Tonight at 8 p.m. at the Artists' House, Jerusalem, general meeting of "Chovevei Yerushalayim." Jerusalem Citizens' Association with participation of Mayor G. Agron and District Commissioner S.B. Yeshaya.

★ **Concert:—**

Opening Concert, Josefa Schocken, Soprano, Eli Rudiakov, pianist, programme: Mozart, Schubert, Schumann, Brahms, Faure, sponsored by The Musicians' Association, Jerusalem, at the Y.M.C.A. at 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

★ **Exhibition:—**

Latest paintings by Israel Paldi. New acquisitions by the Museum. Tel Aviv Museum, 10-1, 4-7; Fridays and Saturdays, 10-1.

★ **Theatres: —**

Chamber Theatre, "The Good Soul of Szechuan." Mograbi Hall, 8.30 p.m.

Obel, "Eldorado," 8 p.m.

★ **Tourist Service: —**

Z.O.A. House Tourist Service Welcomes You. 9.30—1.30; 5—10.30 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:—**

Dugan & Saumacher, "Na Dir Un Wein Nischt," Bama, 8.30 p.m.

KFAR SABA

★ **Theatre:—**

Jewish Comedy Theatre, "Der Americaner Litvak," 8.30 p.m.

ACCADIA BEACH

★ **Entertainment: —**

Dine at the Accadia Grand Hotel —Dancing daily at 5 and 9 p.m. on Israel's most beautiful terrace.

RAMAT HAGILBOA

★ **Theatre: —**

Habimah, Henry the Fourth, 8 p.m.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Rehavia, 22 Ussishkin, 6705, Hatchiah, Geula cor. Yehezkiahu, 2482.

TEL AVIV: Altman, 1 King George, 3791, Ben Yehuda, 142 Ben Yehuda, 23535, Kitajewicz, 22 Hayarkon, 2566, Bloch, 33 Bloch. **JAFFA:** Nora, near Noga Cinema, 85506. **RAMAT GAN:** Harel, 52 Herzl, 73272. **GIVATAYIM:** Hadassah, Katznelson cor. Modi'in, 72371. **HOLON:** Tikva, Eitan Struma 3791. **BAT YAM:** Hatikvah, 58098. **HAIFA:** Habrirut, 36 Herzl, 4098. Anglo-American, 20 Ha'atzmaut, 2048. **KIRYAT BIALIK:** Zevulun. **SAFAD:** Ha'ari. **NAHARIYA:** Mercaz.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Rosanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. M. Ehrenfeld, 34 Rambam, 4360. Dr. Y. Shore, 26 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 58942. Dr. N.L. Becher, 34 Bialik, 36265. Dr. I. Grifel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23696.

HAIFA: Dr. Bindt, 7 Hibud, 3199. Dr. Ludwig, 34 Shivat Zion, 67417.

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New or slightly used.

THE LONG PLAY RECORD LIBRARY

TEL AVIV: 31a Ben Yehuda Road.
HAIFA: Photo Wald, 16a Rehov Nordau
JERUSALEM: Rockstop Ronald, 2 Rehov Hahavatzlet

Magazine Apologizes To Haifa Official

HAIFA, Sunday. — The charges filed by the Haifa City engineer, Mr. Joseph Cohen, against the weeklies "Haolam Hazeh" and "Frontpage" (now defunct), which printed what he claimed to be libellous material against him, have been cancelled in the Magistrates Court here. The charges were withdrawn by Advocate Y. Salomon, representing Mr. Cohen, after "Haolam Hazeh" in its October 13 issue apologized for involving the engineer by mistake in their allegations against the Municipality.

Magistrate M. Starkmann agreed to quash the case, and to return the IL500 to the charged. Advocate Salomon did not ask for court fees.

A claim for damages of IL20,000 is still pending in court as a separate case, but it is believed that it too may be withdrawn. Of over IL350 court fees, half is refundable to the claimant.

RAMAT GAN FIRM MAKING FILM STRIPS

RAMAT GAN, Sunday. — Epidiascope educational film strips in colour are being produced by the "Bin Or" Company here, *The Jerusalem Post* has learned. Each strip has between 40 and 50 slides. Until now, the firm has turned out 30 shorts on a wide range of subjects, including history, geography and nature study.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 3.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ARNON: Purple Mask.
EDEN: The Twelve Men. Also today at 10.30 a.m.
EDISON: Lucky Me. 2nd week.
ORGIL: Vera Cruz. 3rd week.
STUDIO: Duel in the Sun.
ORION: Untamed.
GENA: Ann. 3rd week.
RON: "Chi e senza Peccato."
ZION HALL: The Caddy.
TEL GE: This is My Love.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Desirée. 3rd week.
ARMON DAVID: "Le Rouge et le Noir."
CHEN: Knock on Wood. 6th week.
ESTHER: 7 Brides for 7 Brothers. 3rd week.
MOGRABI: "Le Rage au Corps." 2nd week.
OPHIR: "Le Romesu". 2nd week.
ORION: The Barefoot Contessa.
TAMAR: Unmarried Mothers. 7th week. Matinees: "Disparue a Rio", continuous from 9.45 a.m. Last show at 2.45 p.m.
YARON: The Story of Robin Hood.
ZAMIR: Secret d'Alcove. Mats.: Dallas.

HAIFA

ORLY: Portrait of Jennie.
ORION: Tanganyika.
ATZMON: Betrayed.
PEER: The Caine Mutiny. 2nd week.
GAL OR: City of Bad Men. 2nd week. Matinees: Golden Blade.
ARMON: "Avant le Déluge." 2nd week.
EN DOR: Calamity Jane.

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H.U. IS BEES' BEST FRIEND

The bees may not know it, but the Entomology and Beekeeping Section of the Hebrew University's Faculty of Agriculture at Rehovot is their best friend.

Every year many thousands of bees are killed inadvertently by insecticide sprayed to protect plants from various kinds of pests.

The scientists in the Faculty have started a series of experiments with the aim of finding a repellent which, when added to the insecticide, will drive away the bees. The problems involved are very complicated as the repellent must have a lasting effect, but at the same time must not harm the plants themselves.

The current experiments are the subject of the M.Sc. thesis of one of the students at the Faculty.

Attempts Made To Cultivate Orchids

Attempts to grow orchids in Israel are being made by the Horticultural Division of the Hebrew University's Faculty of Agriculture in Rehovot. If they succeed, the results will be interesting from the point of view of plant ecology, and may also have commercial potentialities.

The experiments are being carried out with various orchid seedlings received from abroad. In August, a consignment of 125 seedlings and divisions was received as a gift from Mr. Israel Sieff, of London; another consignment was sent from Holland, while yet another is expected from India.

In order to duplicate the tropical jungle conditions under which orchids grow in their natural environment, the plants are being kept in small greenhouses — also a gift from Mr. Sieff — covered with sacking through which the sunlight can filter in the same way as it does through the foliage of tropical forests. The amount of light is varied according to the species of the orchids.

The Division is also working on problems of the water regime of gladioli and on the influence of light on the growth and development of this flower, the cormlets of which are an export article.

New species of ornamental plants, recommended by the Division for the gardens of the country, have recently been introduced by the Ministry of Agriculture.

Technion Research For U.S. Air Force

HAIFA, Sunday — A second research project has been sponsored at the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, by the United States Air Force. It will be carried forward in the laboratories of the Aeronautical Engineering Department of the Technion.

The project deals with the effects of air flow on bodies travelling faster than the speed of sound, and will be directed by 34-year-old Abraham Kogan, Senior Lecturer in Aeronautics.

Several weeks ago announcement was made that the European Office, Air Research and Development Command of the U.S. Air Force, was sponsoring a project by Technion's Prof. Markus Reiner in a field related to flight through the stratosphere. The second project is also the result of a recent visit to Haifa by a delegation of American aeronautical scientists.

Mr. Kogan's project involves an investigation of air flow at speeds of three times and more faster than the speed of sound, and his findings will provide the scientific basis for later engineering of flight bodies. Under certain conditions sound travels at a rate of over a thousand feet per second.

The Technion scientist has been working on the present project for about one-year-and-a-half, and began it as part of the requirements for his Doctor's degree. All his work is done exclusively with mathematics, and by the developing of the proper mathematical equations.

Mr Kogan was born in Kishinev and came to Israel in 1944 after escaping from a concentration camp in Rumania. He was graduated from the Hebrew University, and then went to Princeton for post-graduate study. While there his work came to the attention of Prof. Sydney Goldstein, then head of the Aeronautical Engineering Department in Haifa. The young man was asked to help with the planning of facilities for the new buildings and laboratories of the department on Mount Carmel, and later came to join the staff of the Technion.

Arrangements for the sponsored research were made by the Technion Research and Development Foundation.

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10,000 BRITISH TROOPS IN CYPRUS

NICOSIA, Sunday (Reuter). — Eight hundred men of the First Battalion, Royal Leicestershire Regiment, arrived at Famagusta today, raising the island's garrison to more than 10,000 men. They arrived at Famagusta from the Sudan aboard the Charlton Star.

British troops yesterday began their first day-time patrols of Greek districts in Nicosia as 600 men of the Gordon Highlanders also arrived to enforce the security plan devised by Field Marshal Sir John Harding, the new Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

Troops will be deployed throughout Cyprus in a bid to prevent lightning raids by terrorists against police stations and military installations.

These new moves follow Tuesday's breakdown of talks on the island's future between the Governor and Archbishop Makarios.

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Notices to the Public

THE SALE OF SPARE PARTS AND VARIOUS EQUIPMENT FROM THE STORES OF THE ISRAEL POLICE FORCE

(Tender 3/55)

Tenders are hereby invited by the Police Department, Department of Stores, Sales Commissioner, for the purchase of spare parts and various equipment from the stores of the Department of Transport, Communications etc.

Interested persons are to submit their bids in sealed envelopes to the Purchase Section, Police Headquarters, Israel Police Force, 14 Rehov Harakevet, Tel Aviv, not later than November 1, 1955, 13 noon. Persons interested in obtaining Tender Forms and details of the items offered for sale which are listed in six separate lists should apply, between 8 a.m. and 13 noon, to one of the following offices:

Purchase Section at the above office: Headquarters Transport Stores, Rehov Salameh, Tel Aviv; Stores Section (Police Bldg.), Beit Dagon; Haifa District Transport Department, Ha'atzmaut Rd., near the Post Office; Jerusalem District Transport Department, (Russian Compound); Northern District — Tiberias.

Bidders are to bid separately for each list. The goods will be sold according to the six separate lists.

The Sales Commissioner is not bound to accept the highest or any bid.

Tender forms are to be accompanied by a deposit of a bank cheque equal to 10% of the price offered and paid to the order of Israel Police Headquarters.

Tenders should be submitted only on the form and in the envelope supplied by the Police Department.

The bidder is bound to honour all the conditions of the tender.

Changes may invalidate the bid.

Israel Police Force/ Administration Sales Commissioner.

NAHAL YOKNEAM ROAD CLOSED

The Ministry of Communications, Controller of Transport, hereby announces that the Nahal Yokneam Road from the Yokneam Junction to the road leading to Zichron Ya'acov will be closed to civilian traffic from October 17, 1955 at 6 p.m. to October 20, 1955 at 10 a.m.

A road block will be erected at the Yokneam and Biyakim Junctions while the road is closed.

Agricultural Institute
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qualified
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Apply: P.O.B. 15, Rehovot.

PHOENIX ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS AT the 31st DECEMBER, 1953 and the 31st DECEMBER, 1954

LIABILITIES	*31st Dec., 1953* £	*31st Dec. 1954* £
CAPITAL — Authorized, issued and fully subscribed £3,792,795		
CAPITAL — Paid	1,005,000	1,005,000
GENERAL AND CONTINGENCIES RESERVES	3,601,490	4,500,000
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2,149,622	2,534,697
INSURANCE FUNDS	49,462,223	51,620,855
3½% DEBENTURE STOCK	538,074	520,992
PROVISION FOR OUTSTANDING CLAIMS	12,789,972	13,460,047
SUNDRY CREDIT BALANCES (including Proposed Dividend, provisions and revenue reserves)	9,672,211	9,748,130
	£79,219,592	£85,389,521

ASSETS	*31st Dec., 1953* £	*31st Dec. 1954* £
INVESTMENTS (less reserves)	66,387,084	71,170,206
CURRENT ASSETS		
Debtors and Debit Balances	8,189,960	8,444,968
Cash on deposit, in hand and on current account	4,642,548	3,774,347
NOTE		
There were contingent liabilities as at the 31st December, 1954 in respect of joint guarantees with other Companies and uncalled capital on shares held.		
	£79,219,592	£85,389,521

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953 AND 31st DECEMBER, 1954

	£	£		£	£
Balance of last year's account	1,670,296	2,149,622	Interest on Debenture Stock (less Income Tax)	10,570	10,179
Interest, dividends and rents (less Income Tax) and other income	850,972	922,416	United Kingdom taxes in respect of profits earned up to the 31st December, 1954	925,000	800,000
Fire, Accident, Life and Marine Insurance Profits	1,615,509	1,171,632	Taxes overseas and expenses not charged to other Accounts, etc.	281,748	270,919
Transferred from Investment Inner Reserve	—	898,510	Provisions and Reserves	300,000	1,148,510
NOTE: Profits and losses on the realisation of investments have been transferred to Investment Inner Reserve.			Proposed Dividend (less Income Tax)	469,837	577,875
			Balance carried forward	2,149,622	2,534,697
	4,136,777	5,142,180		4,136,777	5,142,180

We have prepared the above Abridged Consolidated Balance Sheets as at 31st December, 1953 and as at 31st December, 1954 and the Abridged Consolidated Profit and Loss Accounts for the years 1953 and 1954 from the annual accounts of Phoenix Assurance Company Limited certified by the Auditors of the Company, Messrs. Kemp, Chatters & Co., Chartered Accountants, and Messrs. Spain Bros & Co., Chartered Accountants, in accordance with the provisions of the United Kingdom Companies Act, 1948.

SOMEKH, CHAIKIN, CITRON & CO.
Public Accountants, Auditors.

Tel Aviv, 20th September, 1955.

ISRAEL PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953 and 31st DECEMBER, 1954

Dec. 31 1953 IL.	*CREDIT* IL.	*Dec. 31 1954* IL.
—(1884)	Profit (Loss) transferred from Fire, Burglary, Comprehensive and Accident Accounts	8,365
1785	Interest	507
10	Less/- Interest Paid	24
		483
1795		
451		8,748

Dec. 31 1953 IL.	*DEBIT*	*Dec. 31 1954* IL.
451	Profit for the year, transferred to Head Office Account	8,748
451		8,748

We have audited the above Profit and Loss Accounts with the relative documents and records which have been produced to us for audit purposes by The Israel Phoenix Assurance Company Limited the Agents of Phoenix Assurance Company Limited, London, in Israel. We have obtained all the information and explanations which we have required from the above named Agents. The figures appertaining to the reinsurance effected abroad in connection with the business of the Agency in Israel have not been included in the above Accounts. Subject to the foregoing remark, in our opinion the above Profit and Loss Accounts are properly drawn up so as to show a true and correct view of the Company's business in Israel during the years 1953 and 1954 according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the records of the Agents in Israel.

SOMEKH, CHAIKIN, CITRON & CO.
Public Accountants and Auditors

Tel Aviv, 20th September, 1955.

GENERAL AGENTS IN ISRAEL:
ISRAEL PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO. LTD.,
20 Rehov Levontin, Tel Aviv

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Call:
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JERUSALEM: 60 Rashi—tel. 2646
HAIFA: 23 Arlosoroff—tel. 6231

Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

OUTLOOK: Partly Cloudy.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	56	18	26	34
Tiberias	42	22	34	32
Haifa Port	65	23	27	27
Natanya	60	20	30	29
Tel Aviv Kirya	68	19	30	29
Tel Aviv Port	75	21	27	26
Lydda Airport	62	17	30	29
Jerusalem	49	18	28	26
Beersheba	51	16	30	28
Eilat	39	16	36	34

*A) Humidity at 4 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

* * *

FOR USING his cigarette lighter near a can of benzine which caught fire, Armon Naim, 20, employed at the Hartuv police station, was yesterday fined IL5 by Jerusalem Magistrate M. Eventov. The fire was extinguished before extensive damage had been caused.

* * *

PERSONS WHO witnessed a road accident in Rehov Ibn Gabirol, Tel Aviv, at 9.10 p.m. on Friday, when a motorcyclist, Yisrael Zehavi, was fatally injured, are requested to report to the police.

* * *

A IL4,500 gold and diamond brooch was reported lost by Mrs. Clara Davidovitch of 30 Rehov Shlomo Hameleh, Tel Aviv, near the Mograbi Cinema on Saturday night.

Engineers' Pay Decision By Sunday

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — A mass meeting of engineers from all over the country held here today, decided to accede to the request of the special committee consisting of representatives of the Government, the Engineers' Union and the Histadrut, to prolong its talks for a further few days. It was also decided that if by next Sunday the engineers' demands 'are not met to their satisfaction', they will immediately renew their general strike.

Members of the "Actions Committee" set up by the Engineers' Union to conduct negotiations deplored the refusal to give the engineers equal rights with the doctors, and it was alleged that the Special Committee had offered them even less than the salary increases proposed by the Histadrut Trades Union Department.

Extreme disappointment was expressed by many speakers at the delay in the proceedings of the Special Committee. One of the resolutions called on Mr. David Ben-Gurion, on Dr. Dov Joseph, who is the Government's representative on the Committee, and Mr. M. Namir, Secretary General of the Histadrut, to exert their influence to bring the discussions to a speedy conclusion.

The Mapai Central Committee decided tonight that the engineers' salaries should be adjusted in accordance with the general wage policies and decisions of the Histadrut. It called on its members in the profession to prevent any unauthorized action being taken, adding that those members who flouted the Party's decision would be expelled.

Exports Establish New Records

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Sunday. — Exports shipped through the Port during the past week reached a new record of 8,795 tons, including 6,204 tons of cement, sent to the U.S., Turkey, Yugoslavia and Cyprus. The next biggest item was potash, of which 550 tons were sent to Great Britain.

Altogether 46 different items were shipped to 17 countries. The goods included 30 tons of chocolate to the U.S. and 700 kilograms to Iceland; 45 tons of eggs to Italy; cars and vehicles, kerosene stoves, wines, Hanukka candles, pipes, penicillin, religious articles, raincoats, cosmetics, feathers, tinned fruit, plywood, groundnuts, electrodes, medical instruments and cork products.

Better Service, More Freight Haulage Planned by Railways

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Sunday. — Better service and more freight haulage were part of the short-term development plans for Israel Railways outlined to the Press today by Mr. M. Savidor, General Manager of the Railways.

Starting on November 5, nine passenger trains, including two express trains, will run daily in both directions between Haifa and Tel Aviv. The first will leave Tel Aviv at 6.37 a.m. (Haifa at 6.50 a.m.). More trains will run at hourly intervals until noon. The afternoon trains will run at 90 to 120 minute intervals, the last leaving Tel Aviv at 8.15 p.m. and Haifa at 8.26 p.m. Express trains leave Haifa at 8.45 a.m. and reach Tel Aviv in an hour-and-a-half, stopping only at West Hadera and Natanya. A second express train, leaving Haifa at 1.15 p.m., will also stop at Binyamina and Beit Yehoshua.

On Saturday night, when many people travel home after the week-end, two trains, within an hour of each other, will run between Haifa and Tel Aviv.

The new winter time-table will remain unchanged until April, and henceforth there will be only one summer and one winter schedule, Mr. Savidor said.

No changes in the train services to Jerusalem will be made this winter, but more trains will run to and from the Capital by next April.

The new carriages recently arrived from Germany have not yet been used on the Jerusalem line, because they are three metres longer than the ordinary carriages and will not be able to take the sharp bends of the snake-like climb to the Capital. However, within six weeks the protruding boulders will be trimmed down and the new carriages will also be seen in Jerusalem.

Railway passengers today enjoy considerably greater comfort in trains than ever before, with only one per cent having to stand, Mr. Savidor said. Two new carriages will be put into service this week.

The Government has now agreed in principle to introduce the system of reserving seats though no agreement has been reached on the price of these reservations.

Beersheba Approach Road

On the subject of freight, Mr. Savidor said that the Public Works Department has completed an approach road to the new Beersheba station and has built special loading facilities, particularly for phosphates. Sidings to citrus marketing companies at Rehovot, Petah Tikvah and Hadera have been built. Yavne, West Haifa and Lydda, too, would soon have more sidings.

The chassis and superstructure of 50 freight waggons with a 25-ton capacity, specially built for carrying citrus, will arrive this month for assembly here. Another 25 are expected from Germany in January. Thirty freight waggons have been taken "out of cold storage" to be put back into use. Parts for 100 waggons from Germany are already here or are on the way, and will be assembled by Vulcan and Chalwood.

The Railway could provide freight space for 9,000 tons of citrus daily, if 3,000 tons of fruit could be unloaded in the ports.

Mr. Savidor said that the Railways could move 100 tons of oil from Heletz daily without disrupting their present oil freight commitments. No special line would be built to Heletz, but if necessary, an eight-kilometre oil pipe line could be laid to bring the oil to the Yad Mordechai railway point.

The "Matisa" machine for railway line maintenance was now in use and had proved a great success, Mr. Savidor continued. Whereas a gang of 12 workers covered 50 metres of line a day, the Swiss-made "Matisa" does 600 metres, and there will be no need to go over the line again for three years.

Touching briefly on the Railways' four-year development plan, Mr. Savidor said it included the Beersheba-Kurnub, Haifa-Zemah and Haifa-Rosh Hanikra lines.

Not a single case of pilfering of freight was recorded during the past year-and-a-half, Mr. Savidor reported with pride.

F.A.O. DAY

On the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization yesterday, the Ministry of Agriculture has published a booklet containing information on the activities of the organization and its work in Israel.

The booklet has a foreword written by Mr. H. Gvati, the Director-General of the Ministry.

(Leader, — Page 6)

Site of Heletz 2 Being Chosen Today

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The exact location of the second well to be drilled by the Matsada oil company near Heletz will probably be staked out tomorrow, it was learned here today. The location, about 400 metres away from the first Heletz well, will be decided by experts of the Weizmann Institute, geologists, and surveyors. All preparations for proceeding with the production tests at Heletz—1 are under way, it was said.

At the rig site, all work came to a standstill last night when members of the crew were permitted to attend an 'Oil Celebration' in Ashkelon, organized by the town's Parents Committee. Contributions amounting to IL2,000 were received to set up of a children's club.

U.S. Senators Leave

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday. — A group of four U.S. Senators, members of the Senate Appropriations Committee, the Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Edward Wilber, their wives, and a number of staff members of the Committee, left here today for Egypt. The group, which comprises 22 persons, entered Israel on Saturday afternoon via Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem, and spent this morning in Tel Aviv and vicinity.

The Senators are Mr. Hayley M. Kilgore, (West Virginia); Mr. John L. McClellan, (Arkansas); Mr. John Stennis, (Mississippi); Mr. Leverett Saltonstall, (Massachusetts); and Mr. Dennis Chavez, (New Mexico). Also accompanying them is Major-General J. Morre, of the U.S. Defence Department.

Senator Chavez, who is a farmer, asked to see a kibbutz, and he and Mrs. Chavez were taken to Kibbutz Shefayim, in spite of the short time at their disposal.

The Senators were seen off by U.S. Embassy and Foreign Ministry officials.

Reasoned Judgment In Ein Harod Dispute

The dispute between the Kibbutz Hameuhad (Mapam) and the Ihud Hakvutzot Vehakibbutzim (Mapai) over a hill on the boundary of Ein Harod is the subject of a reasoned judgment given in the Supreme Court sitting as the High Court of Justice.

Both organizations had submitted to the Town Planning Council schemes in regard to the hill, which was divided between them; that of Ihud was accepted, while that of the Kibbutz Hameuhad was rejected. An order nisi, granted to the Kibbutz Hameuhad against the Planning Council was discharged on July 16, and the reasons for the judgment were made known last Wednesday.

Justice Witkon stated that the plan submitted by the Ihud Hakvutzot had the approval of the owners of the land, namely, the Jewish National Fund, since it bore its signature, whereas the plan of the Kibbutz Hameuhad was not authorized by the owners of the property. In addition, he had found no proof of discrimination and favouritism.

A full report of the judgment will appear in tomorrow's *Jerusalem Post* Law Report.

NEW MACHINE FOR UNLOADING BULK CARGO

HAIFA, Sunday. — The United Port Services Company today put a semi-automatic bulk discharging machine into operation to unload a cargo of oil cake from the s.s. Kishon. The machine developed by the company uses grabs and can also be used for bulk grain discharging. With the aid of the machine, the company's men can now unload such cargoes at the rate of 250 tons per eight hour shift, compared with the 40 tons when working by hand.

It is learned that the U.P.S. intends to use the small installation for unloading bulk grain shipments when the Dagon silo is busy, if more than one grain ship is in Port. This may cause a new dispute as the Dagon company holds the exclusive concession for discharging all bulk grain cargoes.

Bowls championship games between Israel and South Africa, first ever held in Israel, were opened at the Ramat Gan Club on Saturday by Ambassador John Nicholls of Britain (rolling ball), and Ambassador Edward Lawson, of the U.S. (right). Max Spitz, Club's chairman, supervises at left.
Photo by Finn

T.A. Flood Measures Are 'Too Dear'

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Measures to be taken against the annual flooding was the first point on the agenda of the first business meeting of the Municipal Council tonight. There was no immediate solution to the flooding of the city's needier quarters—Hatikva, Montefiore and Ezra — when the Wadi Ayalon (Musrara), overflows, Mr. M. Amiaz, the Municipal Engineer, told the council.

Outlining the Municipality's long-term plan for the solution of the problem, he said it would cost about IL8.5m., and would involve channeling the water to the sea through Jaffa. Meanwhile he hoped that the work done in the last two years, which included the straightening of parts of the wadi, canalisation and the building of earth embankments, costing some IL650,000, would prevent serious flood damage.

Following the report sharp criticism was levelled at the municipality by opposition members for not drawing up immediate plans to meet the flood danger. They called for relief plans to be prepared now.

Mr. E. Shechter, leader of the Opposition, demanded that the Drainage and Sewerage Committee be set up immediately to deal with the problem, for which it should be granted a special budget of IL80,000.

While hoping that there would not be any floods this year, Deputy Mayor S. Shoshani, chairman-to-be of the Drainage and Sewerage Committee, repeated that only the long-term plan could solve the problem of the Ayalon floods. As to the floods caused by the rains, he said that he had prepared a plan for a drainage network to cost IL4,800,000 which could be completed during the next four years.

Tel Aviv Request Turned Down

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Tel Aviv Municipality was yesterday informed by the Ministries of Interior and Labour that they were only willing to continue for a "very short time" the allocations for emergency employment for 500 men in Tel Aviv.

The Tel Aviv representatives, who met with those of the Ministries in Tel Aviv, asked that the allocations be continued until the beginning of the coming fiscal year on April 1. By then, it was said, the city would have worked out a plan to employ the men within the framework of constructive works projects. The Ministries refused.

The first meeting of the committee set up by the Minister of Interior to equalise the salaries of local authority employees with those of civil servants is to meet tomorrow or Wednesday in Jerusalem.

MANDATORY ECHO

The British Government has decided to award severance pay to former members of the Mandate Border Police, an ex-officer of the police was told by the British Legation in Amman, the Old City newspapers reported yesterday.

A SUB-BRANCH of the Bnivan Vehisachon cooperative bank was opened in Pardess Hanna yesterday.

Nine Committees To Run Haifa's Affairs

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Sunday. — The Town Council coalition tonight voted for nine committees to handle all city affairs: development; technical matters; water; public transport; education; culture, sports and youth affairs; social welfare; health; and hospitals. All these committees have six to eight members, at least half of them Council Members, the others private citizens.

This is an innovation permitted by an amendment to the Municipalities Ordinance, and applies to all committees except those of finance, town planning and tenders. These three committees had been elected at a previous Council sitting. Mr. Dan Gabriely (General Zionist) was re-elected chairman of the Tenders Committee, and Mayor Abba Khoushy complimented him on the way he had directed it during the past four years. The General Zionists are in the opposition.

The General Zionists proposed that there be 21 committees, but Dr. G. Kaminka (Progressive) and the Mayor pointed out that such a large number would accomplish little, since each councillor would be a member of six committees.

The opposition pressed in vain for a licences and a public relations committee, the first to control the issuance, of Municipal licences. The Mayor said that such a committee was of no practical value and that the Council could exercise this authority.

Single Economic Body Suggested for Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A recommendation that a Council representing all bodies and organisations in Jerusalem dealing with economic aspects of the capital be formed, was made by the Municipal Committee for Development, Economics and Tourism at its first meeting yesterday. The session was attended by Mayor Gershon Agron with Dr. Arpo Altmar, M.K., in the chair.

The Committee also recommended that the Municipality find funds in the current budget to establish a special department to implement the proposals of the Committee.

A request that cases be dropped against 10 persons charged with illegally pasting up posters during elections, was submitted to the Jerusalem Municipal Court yesterday by a representative of the city's Legal Department.

Magistrate Meir Marciano, who delayed acting on the request until the Council decides in principle on this matter, pointed out that many persons had already been tried for this offence and that it would not be just to try some and not others. It is learned that 22 persons have already been tried. The maximum fine was IL50.

Wedding Guests Hit By Shots of Joy

TIBERIAS, Sunday. — Shots of joy that were fired into the air and accidentally hit two celebrants instead, marred a wedding ceremony at Rama village in Galilee yesterday. Several bullets fired from licensed small arms hit Labib Musa Halak, 16, who was sent to the Nazareth Mission Hospital. Another guest who was less severely hurt was treated at home. The police later confiscated three revolvers.

A LECTURE on "The Eye" for members of Magen David Adom will be given at 7.30 this evening at M.D.A. Headquarters in Jerusalem.

360,000 Litres Pasteurized Milk In Bottles to Be Distributed Daily

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Government-UNICEF bottled milk scheme envisages the daily distribution of 360,000 litres of bottled pasteurized milk within two years, Mr. Reginald T. Clark, a UNICEF milk expert, told a press conference at the Ministry for Social Welfare in Jerusalem yesterday. The dairies and bottling plant needed for the increased production are expected to be completed by 1957. Today, 130,000 litres of bottled milk are being distributed daily.

The programme aims at raising monthly per capita milk consumption from 7.5 to 10 litres.

Mr. Clark said that the boiling of milk reduced its protein value by 15 per cent. The pasteurization process used in Israel had been adapted to local climatic conditions. Because this process had still not been perfected, some two per cent of the final milk product was bitter. Such milk was safe, Mr. Clark emphasised, but could be exchanged at the place of purchase. Scientists at the Hebrew University and in Holland were searching for methods to keep milk from acquiring such a bitter taste.

The bottled milk programme necessitated greater raw milk production, and to this purpose the Government was directly or indirectly allocating subsidies of IL4m. a year. Thirty settlements have taken advantage of a special Loan Fund to acquire refrigeration storage and transportation facilities.

Some 16 per cent of raw milk was now being spoiled because farmers could not refrigerate it over the week-end, Mr. Clark said.

The speaker urged housewives to wash out empty milk bottles in order to prevent flies from getting into dairies. He emphasised, however, that the bottles were thoroughly washed before being refilled. Bottled milk should be opened by gently pressing the thumb on the centre of the aluminium foil lid. This will release the foil at the neck of the bottle, Mr. Clark stated.

Escaped Lion Enticed Back to Cage

Yehuda, a 12-year-old lion, escaped from his cage in the Jerusalem Biblical Zoo on Saturday, and was enticed into returning by Dr. A. Shulov, Director of the Zoo.

While entering the cage to feed Yehuda, Mr. Yosef Cohen, 53, evidently left the door open. Yehuda bounded outside, nervously twitching his tail, leaving Cohen inside the cage.

Dr. Shulov, who came running to the scene, grabbed one of the Zoo's watchdogs, knocked him unconscious and threw him into the cage. Yehuda leaped back upon seeing the dog and when he was well inside the cage, Dr. Shulov dragged both Cohen and the dog out and slammed the door on the lion.

Cohen has been sent home for a few days of "complete rest" until he recovers from a case of severe shock.

Yehuda was brought from Ethiopia in 1948. *(Itim)*

1,250 Immigrants Come in 2 Ships

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Sunday. — The 1,250 immigrants from North Africa who arrived in the s/s Aegeon and Artza yesterday and this morning, disembarked today, and were immediately sent to agricultural settlements and development areas throughout the country. A small number joined kibbutzim and others are to join relatives here. The newcomers were all members of large families, and about 25 families were sent to the Poalei Agudat Israel village, Zanoah, in the Jerusalem Corridor.

It was learnt that the Jewish Agency's Absorption Department is ready for all immigrants due to arrive until December 1. This month, a total of 5,000 newcomers are expected, of whom nearly 3,000 have already arrived, with another 250 expected in the s/s Jerusalem on Tuesday. During November another 5,000 North African immigrants are scheduled to come. About 40 per cent of them will be settled in development areas and the rest in existing or new agricultural villages. Homes, either concrete houses or two-roomed Finnish wooden prefabs, have been prepared for all the immigrants.

English Telephone Directory Published

An English edition of the Telephone Directory, containing 36,840 listings as of August 31, 1955, has been published and will be on sale on Thursday at all post offices. The last Telephone Directory in English was published in 1952 and contained 22,982 listings.

Among the new features of this edition is an alphabetical listing of all settlements in the country with the nearest telephone exchange. Instructions in the use of the telephone in the introduction include the advice to the user not to waste time by answering the phone with "Yes" or "Hello," but by giving one's name immediately. It is also pointed out that operators are not allowed to give their names' but "you may ask for their personal numbers if you are dissatisfied with the service received."

A staff of six were engaged for six months in the preparation of the edition and Mr. Edwin Samuel supervised the publication of the directory. The price of the book, which contains 513 pages, is 500 pruta.

THE READING ROOM of the Medical Department at Avihail Hospital, Jerusalem, is open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. daily.

Cables in Brief

VACATION. — King Paul and Queen Frederika, of Greece, sailed yesterday for Venice aboard the destroyer "Navarinon" on their way to a month's vacation in Australia.

INTOURIST. — The general manager of Intourist, the Soviet travel bureau, has arrived in London by air to study the prospects of an exchange of tourist facilities between Britain and Russia.

U.S. FLOODS. — Twenty persons were reported killed and a state of emergency was declared in a dozen towns yesterday as the rivers of five north-eastern states burst their banks following a two-day downpour. Worst hit was Connecticut: other centres affected were New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.

COMMUNISTS. — The Indonesian Communist Party has emerged from last month's general election as Asia's strongest Communist Party outside China with 5,866,750 of the 30 million votes cast, according to yesterday's unofficial returns.

DEWEY. — Former New York Governor Thomas Dewey arrived in Bangkok, Thailand, yesterday on his private trip round the world.

Johnston Off to U.S.

ROME, Sunday (Reuter). — President Eisenhower's special envoy in the Middle East, Mr. Eric Johnston, left here by air today for Washington convinced that agreement is imminent between the Arab states and Israel on the $200m. scheme for sharing the waters of the Jordan River.

Mr. Johnston arrived here yesterday on his way back to report to Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on his talks with Arab and Israel leaders. He expects to see President Eisenhower, if he is well enough, for a personal account of his progress.

GOHAR TO NEW YORK

Colonel Saiah Gohar, Chief of Palestine Affairs Division in the Egyptian War Ministry, is leaving on Tuesday for New York to take part in the debate on the U.N.R.W.A. report on the Arab refugees, NEARS reported yesterday.

Hungary Beats Austria In Soccer International

Hungary beat Austria by 6-1 in a football international yesterday, according to Budapest Radio reports quoted by Reuter. It was the 100th match between the two countries. Halftime score was 1-0 in favour of the victors.

In Vienna, some of Hungary's former first team stars helped Hungary "B" defeat Austria "B" by 5-2.

In another football international, Holland and Belgium played to a 2-2 draw before 35,000 spectators in Rotterdam.

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We extend our deepest sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. S. Baer, Mrs. B. Eisenstaedt and the entire family on the untimely death of

Richard Eisenstaedt

Kibbutz Yiftach

We announce with deep sorrow the sudden death of our beloved

Dr. Mark Wischnitzer

Professor of History at Yeshiva University, New York.

The cortege will leave the Hadassah Hospital, Rehov Maza, Tel Aviv, at 4 p.m. today, Oct. 17, 1955, for the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery.

Deeply mourned by:
His wife RAHEL WISCHNITZER-Bernstein, N.Y.
His son LEONARD WISCHNITZER, N.Y.
His sister, Mrs. N. M. GELBER — Jerusalem,
and all the members of the family.

Medical School Opens 7th Semester

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A new semester — the seventh — began yesterday for 230 students in the third to sixth years of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School in Jerusalem. First and second year students will start their studies on November 15, when Hebrew University students of all faculties return to classes. An M.D. degree is one year away for 60 students who have completed their sixth year and have begun a 12-month internship period in 10 hospitals throughout the country.

Students resumed classes in the temporary buildings at the foot of Jaffa Road which have housed the Medical School since its inauguration seven years ago. Construction of the Hadassah-Hebrew University Medical Centre in Ein Karem begins next month, although it is expected that it will take several years before it is ready for occupancy.

A total of IL50,000 in loans, prizes and scholarships will be divided this year among 50 per cent. of the student body. Medical students pay an annual tuition fee of IL200.

The Department of Physiology began work yesterday with well-stocked laboratories, thanks to a supply of 300 frogs provided by settlements and private individuals last week in response to a call by the Medical School. The type of frog needed has been hard to come by now that the Hula valley swamps have been drained. A newly equipped dissection room will be at the disposal of medical students this year.

The School of Dentistry is now entering its third academic year. Students who joined the school at its inception have already completed their pre-medical training. They will continue pre-clinical studies this semester, in preparation for specialised studies in dentistry-basic techniques and later clinical work — which are to start in 1956/7.

Basic techniques and clinical work will be taught at the Straus Health Centre, in premises made available by Hadassah. The Centre will contain a 10-unit clinic for restorative and prosthetic dentistry; a three-chair unit for minor oral surgery and exodontia, a lecture and demonstration room for 25 students with a complete dental unit; and a clinical investigation laboratory. At the same time, the section of the Centre previously occupied by the convalescent home, will be transformed into a technical dental laboratory for the teaching of basic techniques and prosthetic work.

Numerous gifts for the Dental School have been received from friends of the School in England, France and the U.S.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
VRONSKY and BABIN
Duo-Pianists
Only Recital In Haifa
THURSDAY, Oct. 27, 9 p.m. at "Armon" Theatre
TICKETS: at Ginsburg-Yuval, 25 Rehov Herzl, Haifa.
Only Recital In Jerusalem
TOMORROW, Oct. 18, 9 p.m. at "Edison" Hall
TICKETS: at Cahana's Office, Zion Square, Jerusalem.
The PROGRAMME includes works by Mozart, Rachmaninoff, Schubert, Victor Babin, Tchaikowsky.
Last Recital In Tel Aviv
SATURDAY, Oct. 22, 8.30 p.m. at "Ohel Shem" Hall.
ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME
TICKETS: at the Orchestra's office, 26 Allenby Rd., 11-2, 4-6 p.m.

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Founder
GERSHON AGRON

Managing Editor
TED R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management:
JERUSALEM: 9 Rehov Hahsvatsiut P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4323 (4 lines).
TEL AVIV Bureau: 32 Nahlat Binyamin, P.O.B. 1125, Tel. 4551/2.
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Monday, October 17, 1955
Heshvan 1, 5716. — Radia 2, 1375

BY and large, there is now universal agreement that without a sustained increase of the world's food supplies, there cannot be a significant improvement in standards of living nor a secure basis for an expanding world economy. There is likewise growing awareness that international endeavours towards the elimination of want can no longer be confined to a charitable or humanitarian basis. As a problem of immediate food supplies, it is of course a question which is of immense importance first and foremost to the underdeveloped food-importing countries. But from the viewpoint of world stability and progress, it is of no less pressing concern to all nations. More and more it is becoming obvious that it is both economically unsound and politically dangerous for some 20 nations with a population of less than 400 million to have a relatively high standard of living, in sharp contrast to the existence of more than 2,000 million less fortunate souls.

DECADE OF F.A.O.

Despite the obstinate assertions of the neo-Malthusians, who maintain that the world is fighting a losing battle if it intends to extract sufficient bounty from the soil to feed a population estimated to be growing at a daily rate of 80,000 additional mouths, there is solid ground for the belief that this contrast need not continue. Thanks largely to the work of the U.N. Food and Agricultural Organization, which yesterday marked its tenth anniversary, it has been shown that it is technically feasible for world production not only to keep pace with the accelerating population increase, but ultimately to close the cruel gap between dietetic standards. In practice too, the F.A.O. has convinced both the "haves" and "have-nots" that through national development of resources and rational sharing of skills on the international level, this want can be overcome. The F.A.O. believes that this can be achieved by methods already known in three major fields: reduction of the present heavy losses caused by insects, weeds, plant and animal diseases and so-called "natural calamities;" increasing the yield from areas already under cultivation; and by developing new areas.

The Organization's activities in Israel may offer some criterion of its operation in its 71 member countries. Since 1951 the F.A.O. has dispatched 30 experts here who have instructed and trained local personnel in many fields of agriculture with outstanding success. They have given invaluable advice on soil conservation, agricultural planning and mechanization, irrigation and dairy farming. Moreover, no less than 65 Israelis have to date been awarded F.A.O. fellowships for advanced study in almost every field of agriculture. Within the framework of the F.A.O. programme, Israel too has been able to make a modest contribution. At present two of our experts are working abroad, one of whom has been sent by the Organization to advise on afforestation in Chile and the other on fish-breeding in Tahiti.

But perhaps the F.A.O.'s greatest achievement is that within a decade, and operating on a ridiculously small budget of a little more than $11m., it has been able to build up extensive machinery for international action. Operations are planned by a highly organized panel of experts who already provide facilities to individual governments such as have never existed before and constitute a broad nucleus for waging "total war, not upon any human enemy, but upon the brute forces of poverty and need," of which President Eisenhower spoke in 1953.

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CHURCHILL'S

Triumph and Tragedy

Series Coupon Six 3

THE JERUSALEM POST

"What Next?" seems to be the question on the mind of Mr. Meir Ya'ari, leader of the Mapam delegation in the protracted talks on the formation of a new Government. He is seen here coming out of a meeting held in the office of the Prime Minister. Behind him is Mr. M. Bentov, also of the Mapam delegation, who is slated for a post in the new Cabinet.
Photo by Hirshbein

TURKISH POLLS POINTER

No Confidence in Menderes

From a Special Correspondent

ISTANBUL (OFNS). — A CLEAR lack of confidence in the regime of Prime Minister Menderes is the Turkish people's verdict on last month's uncontrolled riots as pronounced in the nationwide municipal final election results.

The "elections" were a one-party affair in true totalitarian tradition, for the two chief opposition parties had been forced to withdraw their candidates following systematic persecution of their leaders and continued police interference during the parties' public election meetings. The percentage of citizens who went to the polls as against those who remained aloof is, therefore, the key to the situation. In Istanbul, the country's largest city which was worst hit by the riots, hardly 12 per cent of the electorate cast its ballot papers as against over 36 per cent four years ago.

In the Istanbul borough of Sisli, where during last month's disturbances the mob desecrated a Greek Orthodox cemetery, pulling out the dead from their final resting place, stabbing and mutilating the corpses, and finally looting the silver ornaments in the chapel, participation in the election was down to below seven per cent.

The so-called "anti-Greek demonstrations" were allowed to proceed unchecked for many hours on September 6, until £100m. worth of damage was done and most of the foreign consumer goods available in shops had been either looted or smashed, with the nation too poor to find the means for replacements.

Menderes to Blame

Public opinion in Istanbul is pinning the entire responsibility on the Prime Minister himself. By publicly declaring a week before the riots took place that a Greek terrorist organization was preparing for a massacre of the Turkish minority in Cyprus on the forthcoming Turkish "Victory Day," Mr. Menderes created the psychological background for the excitement of mass hysteria which was systematically followed up by the ultra-nationalist "Cyprus is Turkish" movement, operating with secret Government funds.

This, as well as the fact that the police were under Government orders not to intervene in the riots, has leaked out through one of the more important security chiefs who fell victim to the scapegoat hunt of the Government when, after the unchecked disturbances had gone too far, it attempted to save its face.

Only after the riots had reached a point never expected by the authorities were the soldiers called out to re-establish law and order. But by that time the aimed anti-Greek riots had turned into an anti-all-foreigner outbreak, finally degenerating into murder and looting. An Englishwoman was stabbed and badly wounded, a Christian priest had his eyes poked out, and another died later in hospital from wounds received. Two foreign correspondents were beaten up by the police while the crowds tried to overturn their car and stole their watches and other belongings. In the big bazaar there was an orgy of plundering; one man was seen with six gold wrist watches attached to each arm. And so the night went on, with burning Christian churches fired by the mob illuminating the ghastly scenes.

During the time when the riots were on or their consequences were plainly visible, seven important international conferences were being held at Istanbul. Among them was the Interpol session which gave police chiefs from all over the world an outstanding example of what happens when a mob is allowed to get out of control. Finance Ministers attending the annual meeting of the World Bank and Monetary Fund refused Turkish requests for credits to help repair the damage done, while scientists of the Byzantine Art Congress walked in despair through the ruins of two of the world's finest monuments of ancient Byzantine culture laid waste by the mob. The World Mental Health Association, finally, was given a splendid example of mass neurosis.

What has been achieved is a loss of moral prestige and a complete breakdown of the country's economic life; and, with Greece for the time being unwilling to continue cooperation with Turkey in the North Atlantic Treaty Alliance, Turkey's defence arrangements have been broken up, which means that great damage has been done to Western defences as such in an area commanding the approaches to the Middle East during very critical days.

In the meantime, the Turkish Prime Minister is continuing in office, administering the country by means of martial law imposed for six months, and refusing an extraordinary session of Parliament, though many more than the constitutionally required signatures of members, including a great number from his own Party, have been presented to the Government demanding such a session.

KEEPING POSTED

MR. Eric Johnston has been here again. His enthusiasm is not yet damped, but then of course his contact with water has been purely theoretical up to now. He is also popular, for by comparison with the difficulties of organizing a joint project for the Jordan region, any troubles he may encounter in Israel are practically non-existent and he takes them in his stride. When a secretary from the Foreign Ministry rang up to reserve the rooms for Mr. Johnston's party, the hotel clerk said the place was crowded, and they had no private bathrooms available. Then he caught up on himself. "Heavens, Johnston, those are the water people again, aren't they? They'll have to have bathrooms!"

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"On the day after Simhat Torah *the Water Department turned up with a bill for the past three months' water,"* writes a correspondent. *"I told them they shouldn't bring a big bill like that just after the month of holidays, when everybody's spent all their money. The collector — he was orthodox — smiled wisely and told me to remember that only on the previous day the whole of Israel had prayed to heaven for rain. And here was I, complaining about having to pay for water that came out of a tap."*

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THERE is a good deal of orthodox influence within the Jerusalem Municipality, as there always has been, but a delicate distinction is being made as between public and private duties. During the recent absence of the Mayor, the Acting Mayor, Rabbi Porush, who is a pillar of Agudat Yisrael, received a party of guests from abroad. A woman tourist reports that she approached his worship with a certain diffidence, and was pleasantly surprised at being honoured with a friendly and vigorous handshake. The rabbi had noticed her hesitation and explained to her that he was shaking hands in his capacity of Acting Mayor of Jerusalem, and not as Rabbi Porush who, naturally, did not take the hands of strange ladies.

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A GIRL who has recently joined the Army came on her first leave with something less than enthusiasm for her new occupation. She'd asked for a technical job of some sort, but in the end she had found herself appointed a clerk after all. What did she have to do? That was the awful part of it, she said. She had been set to filling in release papers for girls who had finished their service. What a thing to start your Army career on, she protested. So discouraging. If it were taking people into the Army she wouldn't mind so much. And there were not even enough people being released to keep her busy. We offered some philosophical consolation to the effect that if everybody were always busy in an army in peacetime, there'd be a nice mix-up if there were to be a war at any time. "A war? But then I'll have even less to do, because they'll stop releases altogether first thing they do!" she said.

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WE have had three letters just lately protesting at various dictionary definitions of the word "Jew." One of the writers wanted us to throw out the venerable Oxford Dictionary for noting that, in colloquial talk, the word Jew can also be used in the sense of "to cheat" or overreach. It is indeed an offensive usage, which Hitler fortunately helped to stamp as bad taste. Another correspondent now complains that the new Webster defines a pogrom as "an organized massacre, especially of Jews." He adds that although he knew quite well what the word means, it shocked him to see so bald a definition in a dictionary. (The Oxford, more delicately, defines it as a "massacre in Russia.") And still we don't believe that a dictionary should act as a censor of ethics, and include only the pleasant words and meanings, and leave us to puzzle out the others for ourselves. To balance the complaints, we should like to quote the Oxford's brief history of Zionism, a most satisfying piece of condensation. The 1938 edition defines the word as "Movement aiming at the re-establishment of the Jewish Nation in Palestine." The 1952 edition introduced a subtle but significant little change, and has the definition read: "Movement resulting in the re-establishment etc." We've put our Oxford back on the shelf.

Today's contributors include A. C. Sephie Foss and M.K., all of Jerusalem.

Readers' Letters

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Allow me to express my appreciation of the very fine column on President Eisenhower by Mr. David Courtney in your issue of September 25. This appraisal of our good President could not be improved upon by a native American journalist.

President Eisenhower has not been in office long enough to attain the exalted appellation of a "Great" President. However, he has shown himself to be a very good President indeed, for the short time he has been at the helm of the great government of the U.S. He deserves the prayers of everyone in the entire world for his speedy and complete recovery.

Yours, etc.
LEOPOLD N. SPERLING
Cleveland (at present Tel Aviv), September 28.

GUIDES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With the greatest satisfaction, I read in today's Postbag the short notice that the Ministry for Religious Affairs has been the first to recognize the urgent need for a special licence for anyone who intends to take tourists to Holy Places.

I trust that in due course the other Ministries will follow this wise lead: the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, for example, will issue licences to visit factories, the Ministry of Agriculture for entry into Degania or other *kibbutzim*, and the Ministry of Education and Culture for giving any information to tourists about our institutes of higher learning.

I can hardly think of a worthier cause on which the taxpayers' money could be spent than more clerks for such ventures. The authorities probably won't forget to charge every guide an appropriate licence fee for the new permits.

Yours, etc.
OFFICIAL GUIDE
(Name and Address Supplied)
Haifa, September 15.

We are informed that no special additional licence will be required for this purpose, but the courses given to prospective guides will include appropriate material set by the Ministry for Religious Affairs. Ed.

RADIO RECEPTION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Could the inhabitants of Tiberias perhaps receive some technical explanation why it is virtually impossible to hear any of the news broadcasts from Kol Israel? This is particularly noticeable during the 8.30 p.m. broadcast when we can clearly receive Damascus and Cairo. Surely we are entitled not to have to tune in to bigoted and biased newscasts to learn what is happening in our own country.

Yours etc.,
TIBERIAN
Tiberias, October 2.

Broadcasting Service Replies

It is true that during the past month we have been having difficulties in reaching certain areas of the country, particularly the North, owing to repairs being made to our major transmitters. These repairs will be completed in about 10 days, when listening will be improved considerably in the whole country.

Yours, etc.
HARRY ZINDER
Director
Jerusalem, October 10.

PEN FRIENDS

FRED FRIEDENTAG, 17½, of 324 Division Street, New York 2, N.Y., U.S.A., seeks a pen pal. He is a radio "ham" and a sports fan.

DOREEN PICKEN, 11, of 62 Westara Road, Sheffield 10, England, wants to correspond with a girl of similar age.

SIDNEY BRONSTEIN, 35, of 3 Torrington Drive, Loughton, Essex, England, would like to have a pen friend. His hobbies are stamp collecting, reading and photography.

The Inter-Maidens Friendship Circle asks for interested chain-letter correspondents. Each member receives in turn correspondence which he will read and enjoy, and then write a letter to add to the collection which is then posted on to the next name on the list. Members may exchange any of the "collectors' items"—taking care to replace them by other objects of interest. Write to T.I. Simmons, 45 Wellington Parade, Blackton Rd., Sidcup, Kent, England.

From the Memoirs of Harry S. Truman — The Year of Decision

Three Men, Three Worlds

BEFORE adjourning the first session (at Potsdam), I asked if there were any further suggestions. Stalin brought up the question of the Council of Foreign Ministers which I had proposed at the beginning of the meeting. He objected to the inclusion of China.

I explained that China had been suggested as a member of the proposed Council because she was one of the five members of the Security Council.

Stalin wanted to know if the quarterly meeting of the (three) Foreign Secretaries, which had been in effect ever since Yalta, was not to continue. I reminded him that the arrangement at Yalta was a temporary one.

Churchill said that he had found the quarterly meetings of the Foreign Secretaries very helpful in advising his Government. He added that he considered it a complication to bring China into the Council and questioned the advisability of bringing in from the other part of the world a country which had contributed little to the defeat of the enemy in Europe.

Specific Purposes

I then explained that the problems to be considered by the Council would be quite different from those which would arise in the ordinary meetings of the Foreign Secretaries. The Council which I was proposing was for certain distinct and specific purposes.

These were: to draw up for submission to the United Nations, treaties of peace with Italy, Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary, and to propose settlement of territorial questions outstanding on the termination of the war in Europe. The Council was also to be used for the preparation of a peace settlement for Germany.

Churchill said that he could foresee no difficulty in reconciling our different objectives. Until the Japanese were defeated, he said, there would be difficulties in China's having an important role in settling the tangled problems of Europe — "the volcano from which war springs."

It was possible, he stated, that while the Council was sitting, the war with Japan would end; then China could come into the world peace conference. Until that time, he said, China would have only an intellectual interest in the peace settlements.

I said that I would not object to the exclusion of China from the Council until the war with Japan was ended. At Stalin's suggestion I referred the whole question to the (three) Foreign Ministers to consider and submit recommendations to us at a later date.

Stalin quipped: "As all the questions are to be discussed by the Foreign Ministers, we shall have nothing to do." His wry humour was frequently in evidence during the meeting. When Churchill suggested that the Foreign Ministers look into the question of there being four or five members on the Council, the Russian interrupted him to say: "Or three members?"

I told Stalin and Churchill that we should discuss the next day some of those points on which we could come to a conclusion. Churchill replied that the Secretaries should give us three or four points — enough to keep us busy.

I said I did not want just to discuss. I wanted to decide.

Churchill asked if I wanted something in the bag each day. He was as right as he could be. I was there to get something accomplished, and if we could not do that, I meant to go back home.

I proposed that we meet at 4 p.m. instead of five in order to get more done during the time we would be meeting. The others agreed to this. I then proposed we adjourn.

Stalin agreed to the adjournment, but said there was one question he would like to raise first. Why did Churchill refuse to give Russia her share of the German fleet?

Churchill explained that he thought the fleet should be destroyed or shared, saying that weapons of war were horrible things and that the captured vessels should be sunk.

Whereupon Stalin said: "Let us divide it," adding: "If Mr. Churchill wishes, he can sink his share."

• • •

AFTER that first meeting with Churchill and Stalin, I returned to my temporary home at Babelsberg with some confidence. I hoped that Stalin was a man who would keep his agreements. We had much to learn on this subject.

I did not underestimate the difficulties before us. I realized that, as chairman, I would be faced with many problems arising out of the conflict of interests. I knew that Stalin and Churchill each would have special interests that might clash and distract us.

Stalin, I knew, wanted the Black Sea Straits for Russia, as had all the Czars before him. Churchill was determined that Britain should keep and even strengthen her control of the Mediterranean. I knew that I was dealing with two men of entirely different temperaments, attitudes and backgrounds.

Churchill was great in argument. His command of the spoken word was hard to equal. Stalin was not given to long speeches. He would reduce arguments quickly to the question of power and had little patience with any other kind of approach.

I was pleased with the orderly manner in which the interpreters conducted their very essential functions. These three men had been at all the conferences before and were masters at their jobs. There was no difficulty at all in understanding what was being said.

We would slow down from time to time so the interpreters could translate each sentence. If there was any disagreement between the interpreters, as to the proper Russian word for the English equivalent, they would settle it right there while Stalin would sit back and grin. There were times when I suspected he really understood English.

Lavish Banquet

Following the adjournment of the first meeting, we were invited into a large banquet room in Cecilienhof Palace, where the Russians entertained at a lavish buffet dinner spread on a tremendous table about 6 metres wide and 9 metres long, set with everything you could think of — goose-liver, caviare, all sorts of meats, cheeses, chicken, turkey, duck, wines and spirits.

On our way back to Babelsberg it was necessary for us to drive through various parts of the Russian Zone. Adml. Leahy and Secretary Byrnes were with me, and at one of the crossings our car was stopped by a Russian lieutenant.

The delay was no more than a matter of minutes, for we were quickly identified by other Russian officers arriving on the scene. These officers proceeded to scare the life out of the lieutenant for making such a blunder. Leahy turned to me and said: "I'll bet that lieutenant is shot in the morning."

(C) This is the 16th instalment of excerpts from Harry S. Truman's Memoirs of his first year in the Presidency. Copyright by Time Inc. and I.C.P.S. English rights in Israel reserved by The Jerusalem Post.

University Profile

JUBILEE OF A CAREER

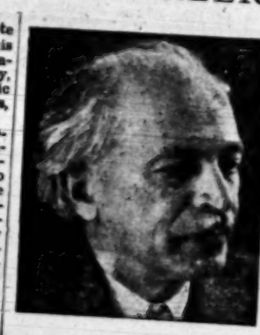
By SHMUEL AGMON

PROFESSOR Michael Fekete is retiring this year from his post as Professor of Mathematics at the Hebrew University, after a distinguished academic career going back some 50 years, half of it spent in Jerusalem.

Born in Hungary in 1886, Professor Fekete received his education at the University of Budapest, at which he was later to serve with distinction on the teaching staff. Choosing mathematics as his field, he soon became connected with the now famous Hungarian school of mathematics, and was much influenced by L. Fejer. He also collaborated in one form or another with Szego, Polya and J. Von Neumann, mathematicians who were soon to become world famous, and who are now living in the United States.

In 1928, Professor Fekete was invited by the Hebrew University to occupy the Chair of Mathematics at its newly established Institute of Mathematics. Preferring this post to others which were offered him both in Europe and in America, he came to Jerusalem and, together with his colleagues, laid the foundations of advanced mathematical training and research in Israel.

Professor Fekete is an analyst, and as such is interested in a wide range of problems. Thus, his association with Fejer led him to investigations in Fourier series. Among these we might mention his researches on invariant factors. Some of his papers deal with Taylor, multi-Taylor and Dirichlet series. Very substantial work was done by him in the theory of summability of series, where for the first time he introduced the notion of absolute summability. Other papers dealt with problems in the theory of approximation and interpolation. In this field we might cite his work on approximation by polynomials whose coefficients are subject to arithmetic conditions. Some new results in this direction were published by Fekete quite recently.



Professor Fekete

Another complex of problems discussed by Fekete concerned the distribution of roots of both algebraic and transcendental equations. It is as a result of these investigations that he arrived at what he justly considers his greatest discovery: the Transfinite Diameter. The Transfinite Diameter is a number which is assigned in a simple way to each closed and bounded point set in the plane. It turns out to be intimately related to the much more complex notions of Capacity in Potential theory and the Mapping Radius in the theory of Conformal Mapping. It is mainly due to these rather unexpected relations that one is able, using the Transfinite Diameter, to obtain elementary geometric proofs of results which otherwise require deep analytical tools. It seems to us that this effort towards simplicity and elementary proofs is one of Professor Fekete's most distinguishing characteristics.

Professor Fekete's influence over the young mathematicians of Israel as teacher and guide in research has been considerable. His seminars, where he enjoyed discussing problems on which he was at work, many of which were still open, were stimulating to both student and teacher alike.

Although his main interest is mathematical research, Professor Fekete has had an active share in directing the development of the Mathematics Institute and of the University as a whole. He has served in turn as Chairman of the Mathematics Institute, as Dean of the Faculty of Science and Mathematics, as Rector of the University and as a member of its Executive Council. He is also the President of the Israel Mathematical Union and a member of various mathematical societies abroad. Finally, Professor Fekete was this year's recipient of the Israel Prize for Exact Sciences.

Professor Fekete will now devote himself entirely to mathematical research, and his students and colleagues take this opportunity of acknowledging their great debt to him as teacher and guide. We of the Institute of Mathematics hope that even though he is taking formal leave of us, he will continue to participate actively in the development of the Institute and to inspire our young Israel mathematicians as well as his colleagues.

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OKAVA EXPORT

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ISRAEL'S BEST BLADES

At the Cinema

"THE Barefoot Contessa" (Orion, Tel Aviv) is written and directed with many brilliant touches by Joseph L. Mankiewicz, who is particularly successful when he satirizes Hollywood, big business and the Riviera's smart set. As usual, he rather overdoes his clever larger-than-life dialogue, but there is always Jack Cardiff's superb colour photography, high-class acting from Humphrey Bogart, Edmund O'Brien and an excellent cast to hold the interest.

Where the director falls is in his creation of Maria, the Spanish dancer, a Cinderella who likes to take her shoes off and can give her affections to no man until she meets her "prince charming." Miss Gardner, looking her most beautiful, does her best with this preposterous role.

J.L.

Good Fun

"THE Caddy" (Zion, J'lem) is the funniest Dean Martin-Jerry Lewis picture that has reached us yet. As usual Jerry Lewis takes all the bumps, while his partner just hangs around and sings a few songs. Some of the world's most famous golfers appear on the screen, though how they manage to keep straight faces with Jerry Lewis about is more than the audience will understand. Chesty Donna Reed and Barbara Bates provide the love interest. Good clean fun.

Th.F.M.

Jerusalem Art Notes

2000 Years of Chinese Painting

"TWO Thousand Years of Chinese Painting," opened on Saturday at the Bezalel Museum, is one of UNESCO's magnificent travelling exhibits. In 60 lovely prints, published for UNESCO by Editions Euros in Paris, the venerable history of Chinese Painting unfolds like one of those horizontal *Makemonos*, the composition of which develops as the work proceeds from right to left. There is a quiet and meditative beauty about these paintings that the art of Japan never attained. One is continually reminded that the Chinese painters of old were necessarily acquainted with the skills of brush work in calligraphy as in painting alike. Almost all Chinese artists were intellectuals, and this accounts for the close association and interdependence of painting and calligraphy, which they often used together.

The exhibition begins with rubbings from the incised funerary steles of the Han period. These depict the life of the deceased on earth or the life it is hoped he will lead after death: the world he is leaving behind, still ringing with the sound of horses' hoofs and music, or the world to which he is going, filled with mythological characters and fantastic creatures. We see the masterpieces of mediaeval painting, produced under the Tang and Sung dynasties, which ran on into the 14th century of our era; and what, according to Chinese standards, is "modern" painting, bearing the stamp of the Ming and Ch'ing dynasties.

These things of wondrous beauty are fully and exemplarily explained in the excellent catalogue published by UNESCO. The reviewer will limit himself to enumerating some pieces to which his heart went out; most of the Han rubbings; the "Lakeshore in Winter" by an unknown 13th century master; "Boating by Moonlight" by Ma Yuan of the same period; the triptych "Bright Day in the Valley" by the Sung master, Tung Yuan; and, of course, all the early pictures, depicting the care for the noble Mongol pony that played so important a role in the life of the Chinese horseman.

In the introduction to the catalogue one is informed that all these marvellous prints are obtainable and that, "Currency difficulties will not prevent private individuals from buying any of the colour prints listed in this catalogue." However, it seems that a considerable amount of red tape is at present involved in the acquisition. It is regrettable that the Bezalel Museum has no spare prints to sell to its patrons on an easy cash-and-carry basis, earning for itself, incidentally, a bit of sorely-needed revenue.

Th.F.M.

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